

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Clarence M. Kelley

TO : Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation DATE: NOV 21 1974

FROM : Susan M. Hauser
Staff Assistant to the
Deputy Attorney General

SUBJECT: FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT REQUEST

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL

Enclosed herewith is a request for access to files relating to the COINTELPRO operation. A copy of this request is also being directed to the Criminal Division.

Pursuant to 28 CFR § 16.5 which took effect on March 1, 1973, the head of the responsible division shall, within 10 working days, either comply with or deny a request for records unless additional time is required.

In cases where additional time is required the requester should be notified of the reasons for the time extension, which should not exceed 10 additional working days. An extension of time in excess of 10 additional working days requires the approval of the Deputy Attorney General.

If the request is denied, the requester should be informed that the denial may be appealed within 30 days to the Attorney General, and that judicial review will be thereafter available.

Copies of all acknowledgements and responses to the requester should be forwarded to the office of the Deputy Attorney General.

94-8-95-

NOT RECORDED

143 DEC 26 09 1974

2- ENCLOSURE

2 ENCLOSURE

ORIGINAL FILED IN

62-116009-50

11-jk



November 22, 1974

Orr Kelly, et al.
c/o Press Room, Department of Justice
Washington Star-News
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Kelly:

This is to acknowledge receipt of your request under 5 U.S.C. 552 and 28 CFR 16A dated November 18, 1974.

By copy of this correspondence, your request has been forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for initiation of processing under the Freedom of Information Act. If no response has been made after 10 working days you may send a petition complaining of delay pursuant to 28 CFR 16.5(b) to the office of the Deputy Attorney General, Washington, D.C. 20530.

Sincerely,

Susan M. Hauser
Staff Assistant to the
Deputy Attorney General

[Handwritten notes:]

Let's keep it simple

10/16/74

Enclosure

(2/6/74)

ENCLOSURE

94-8-95-

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. JENKINS

DATE: 12/19/74

FROM : J.J. MC DERMOTT

SUBJECT: ~~ED ROGERS~~
~~UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL (UPI)~~
~~REQUEST TO INTERVIEW THE DIRECTOR~~

Assoc. Dir. _____
Dep. AD Adm. _____
Dep. AD Inv. _____
Asst. Dir.:
Admin. _____
Comp. _____
Ext. Aff. _____
Files & Com. _____
Gen. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Inspection _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Plan. & Eval. _____
Spec. Inv. _____
Training _____
Legal Coun. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director Sec'y _____

Ed Rogers who, as you know, covers Justice and the FBI for UPI, has inquired of me concerning the possibility of interviewing the Director.

Rogers has been a good friend and is aware that the Director does not intend to have any further discussion regarding COINTELPRO, however, he points out that the Bureau has a huge silent constituency whom he feels should be informed as to what the Director's thoughts were in formulating his decision to adopt the strong position Mr. Kelley took in connection with the COINTELPRO revelations made by the Attorney General on November 18, 1974.

Rogers was advised that we would check with the Director and be back to him.

Observation:

An article by Rogers based on an interview with the Director regarding the Director's COINTELPRO position would very likely serve to underscore strong disagreement and even a rift with the Attorney General and the Department of Justice which the Director and the FBI does not need highlighted. It is strongly felt that in this instance, our close association with Rogers notwithstanding, the Director should decline this interview.

RECOMMENDATION:

That Rogers' request to interview the Director on the subject of COINTELPRO be declined.

- 1 - Mr. McDermott
- 1 - Mr. Malmfeldt
- 1 - Mr. Heim
- 1 - Mrs. Metcalf
- 1 - Telephone Room

GTQ:jo
(6)

MAR 3 1975

RESEARCH SECTION

February 11, 1975

PERSONAL

94-8-95-

[Redacted]
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear [Redacted]

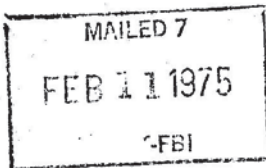
I have received your suggestion that certain equipment which is located in your division of assignment be removed. After evaluation, it has been decided this action is not warranted at the present time but further consideration will be given to this matter when the pneumatic tube system becomes operational.

Although your idea was not approved in this instance, the interest which prompted you to submit it to me is indeed appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

C. M. Kelley

Clarence M. Kelley
Director



- 1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Personnel file of [Redacted]

ML:cmbr

(5) (Suggestion 431-75)

NOTE: Suggests the United Press International (UPI) teletype machine located in Intelligence Division night supervisor's office be removed at a projected savings of \$2,885. A copy of all UPI items could be furnished by Teletype Unit by use of 6-ply UPI paper rather than 5-ply. Administrative, General Investigative and External Affairs Divisions now receive complete copies from Teletype Unit via messenger service. If immediate receipt of UPI items is imperative, this idea could be put into effect after the pneumatic tube system is operational. If immediate service is not imperative, the proposal could be placed into effect at present time.

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

CONTINUED - OVER

Assoc. Dir. _____
Dep. AD Adm. _____
Dep. AD Inv. _____
Asst. Dir.:
Admin. _____
Comp. Syst. _____
Ext. Affairs _____
Files & Com. _____
Gen. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Inspection _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Plan. & Eval. _____
Spec. Inv. _____
Training _____
Legal Coun. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director Sec'y _____

57 FEB 20 1975

GPO 954-16

b6

b6

NOTE (Continued)

Intelligence Division noted that currently the UPI teletype machine is monitored at intervals of not more than 15 minutes at odd-hour shifts. Teletype Unit currently schedules messenger delivery of messages removed from UPI machine in that unit on an hourly basis, 24 hours per day. In view of time differential involved and need to take immediate action on receipt of certain UPI releases, Intelligence Division recommended against adoption at this time. When the pneumatic tube system is completely operational and if releases are removed from UPI machine in Teletype Unit on a more frequent basis, with assurance of immediate delivery to Intelligence Division, the idea may be reevaluated at that time. Files and Communications Division agreed with the foregoing views. Due to these observations, Training Division agrees the idea should not be approved at present time.

#431-75

Date

January 8, 1975

Division of Assignment

Intelligence Division

b6

To:

Director, FBI

From: (Suggester's name)

SUGGESTION

It is suggested the UPI machine located in Night Supervisor's Office, Intelligence Division, could be removed.

A copy of all UPI items could be furnished by Teletype Unit by utilization of 6-ply UPI paper rather than 5-ply. It should be noted that Divisions 3, 6, and 8 now receive complete copies from Teletype Unit via messenger service.

If immediate receipt of UPI items is imperative, this suggestion could be put into effect after the pneumatic tube system is operational. If immediate service is not imperative, this suggestion could be put into effect at the present time.

Current practice or rule (Include manual citation as well as facts)

Intelligence Division rents UPI machine at \$210 per month, while Teletype also has UPI link at \$210 per month.

Advantages of suggestion and annual savings (include basis for estimate)

Would free Intelligence Division Mail Room employees from servicing and handling UPI in Night Supervisor's Office. Annual savings estimated at \$2,885. (12 months' rent at \$210 per month = \$2,520)
(365 rolls of paper at \$1 per roll = 365)
\$2,885

Disadvantages of suggestion

None apparent.

94-8-95-
NOT RECORDED
170 FEB 14 1975

7 FEB 12 1975

(The use by the United States of my suggestion shall not form the basis of a further claim of any nature by me, my heirs, or assigns upon the United States. I understand that I will be considered for any justified award only if my suggestion is adopted within two years after submission.)

☐ Mr. ☒ Mrs. ☐ Miss

Secretary -
Stenography
le of Suggester

Recommendations and comments of Division Head

SEE ADDENDUM ATTACHED

W. Raymond Warrall

Signature and Title

Assistant Director
Intelligence Division

(Do not write in this space - for Bureau use only)

Letter
of
Apprec.
2-11-75
ML:cmh

ORIGINAL FILED IN 66-1855-8-2616

b6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Jenkins

DATE: 1/22/75

FROM : J. J. McDermott

SUBJECT: ED ROGERS

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL REPRESENTATIVE
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE - FBI

Assoc. Dir. ☒
Dep. AD Adm. ☒
Dep. AD Inv. ☒
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. ☐
Comp. Sys. ☒
Ident. ☒
Files & Com. ☐
Gen. Inv. ☐
Inspection ☐
Intell. ☐
Laboratory ☐
Plan. & Eval. ☐
Spec. Inv. ☐
Training ☐
Legal Coun. ☒
Telephone Rm. ☒
Director Sec'y ☐

Captioned individual who has always been cooperative with my office states he would like to request a few minutes of the Director's time as soon as possible concerning the subject of Congressional files. He specifically would like to be able to quote the Bureau's position with respect to Congressman Edward's publicized statements concerning Mr. Kelley's remarks before his committee in February, 1974, regarding this topic. He feels he can clarify the situation as far as the FBI is concerned and wants to put into proper perspective the FBI's position with respect to recording information voluntarily furnished to the FBI concerning individuals, including Congressmen, as well as the maintenance of investigative files that the FBI maintains on Congressmen in connection with applicant matters and criminal violations. Rogers stated he would only need 5 or 10 minutes of the Director's time to handle this matter.

RECOMMENDATION

In view of Rogers' cooperative attitude in the past toward the Bureau, it is felt the Director may wish to favorably respond to Rogers' request.

- 1 - Mr. McDermott
- 1 - Mr. Malmfeldt
- 1 - Mr. Heim
- 1 - Mrs. Metcalf
- 1 - Telephone Room

JMM:asg
(6)

REC 68

JAN 29 1975

OK 4 45 if I can.

Director saw
Rogers as indicated

RESEARCH SECTION

June 1, 1978

PERSONAL

OUTSIDE SOURCE

Mr. Ed Rogers
United Press International
315 National Press Building
Washington, D. C. 20045

Dear Ed:

United Press International

Many thanks for your help in our recent Media Relations Seminar at Quantico. The information and guidance you and other distinguished reporters provided during the panel discussion were most beneficial to our field media representatives. We are grateful that you took time from your busy schedule to participate and we thank you for your assistance.

R

Sincerely yours,

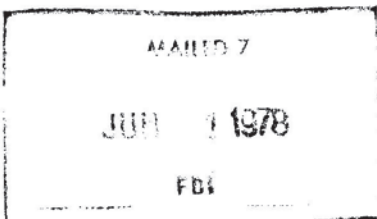
W-27
William H. Webster
William H. Webster
Director

EX-125

94-8-95-697

DE-72

23 JUN 2 1978



- Assoc. Dir. _____
- Dep. AD Adm. _____
- Dep. AD Inv. _____
- Asst. Dir.:
 - Adm. Servs. _____
 - Crim. Inv. 1 - Mr. Boynton
 - Ident. _____
 - Intell. _____
 - Laboratory _____
 - Legal Coun. (5)
 - Plan. & Insp. _____
 - Rec. Mgnt. _____
 - Tech. Servs. _____
 - Training _____
 - Public Affs. Off. _____
 - Telephone Rm. _____
 - Director's Sec'y _____

NB:jam

[Handwritten signature]

MAILED 78

[Handwritten initials]

FBI/DOJ

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. McDermott

DATE: 12-16-76

FROM : D. W. Moore, Jr.

SUBJECT: WIRE SERVICES NEWS ITEMS
PRESS SERVICES OFFICE
EXTERNAL AFFAIRS DIVISION

Assoc. Dir. _____
Dep. AD Adm. _____
Dep. AD Inv. _____
Asst. Dir.: _____
Adm. Serv. _____
Ext. Affairs _____
Fin. & Pers. _____
Gen. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Inspection _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Legal Coun. _____
Plan. & Eval. _____
Rec. Mgnt. _____
Spec. Inv. _____
Training _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director Sec'y _____

PURPOSE: The purpose of this memorandum is to recommend that the equipment transmitting United Press International (UPI) news releases be transferred from the Communications Section to the Press Services Office of the External Affairs Division and also to recommend that we reduce the service from a 24-hour, 7-day week, service to a 12-hour service, Monday through Saturday. Further, that the Bureau subscribe to the wire service of Associated Press (AP).

DETAILS: At the present time, the Bureau subscribes to the news service of UPI on a 24-hour basis, 7 days a week, at a cost of \$275 per month. The equipment transmitting this service to the Bureau is located in the Communications Section where it is reviewed and pertinent items routed to the substantive divisions and, on some occasions, to the Director's Office. It is believed that this equipment more appropriately belongs in the Press Services Office where it is felt that the news items could be more effectively reviewed and matters of interest to the Bureau promptly brought to the attention of appropriate personnel. It is felt, however, that it is no longer necessary to continue service on a 24-hour basis, 7 days a week, but rather that a 12-hour service from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m., Monday through Saturday, at a cost of \$165 per month would suffice. Representatives of UPI have indicated that most hard news stories that move during the night hours are also carried during the day as add-ons. They also advised that the cost of moving the equipment from the Communications Section to the Press Services Office would be approximately \$65.

It is noted that the Bureau does not subscribe to the news service offered by AP, and on numerous occasions news items advanced by this service are brought to the Press Services Office's attention and are

1 - Mr. Cochran
1 - Mr. Long

1 - Mr. Moore
1 - Mr. Haller, Rm. 6421

TBC:nb (6)

CONTINUED
OVER

NOT RECORDED
170 APR 22 1977

ORIGINAL FILED IN



5010-108

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI/DOJ

D. W. Moore to McDermott memo
RE: WIRE SERVICES NEWS ITEMS

of interest to the Bureau. This necessitates a time-consuming process of going to the Justice Department News Room and reviewing all of the wire copy in an effort to find the item of particular interest to the Bureau. Contact has been made with AP and the cost of service is \$189.80 per month for a 12-hour service, operating from 8:30 a. m. to 8:30 p. m., Monday through Saturday. There is no installment charge for the equipment; however, an agreement must be made to continue the service for at least one year.

This matter has been discussed with representatives of the Communications Section who are in agreement that the wire service could be more effectively handled by the Press Services Office rather than inexperienced clerks in the Communications Section.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

(1) That the UPI equipment in the Communications Section be moved to the Press Services Office and that service be reduced from a 24-hour-type service to a 12-hour service. This will result in a savings of approximately \$90 per month.

*Comm. Section fully agrees with this proposal.
Better service to External Affairs and to Director's office
will result. - T acf*

(2) That we subscribe to the AP wire service for a trial period of one year at a cost of \$189.80 per month.

APPROVED:

Director.....
Assoc. Dir.....
Dep. AD Adm.....
Dep. AD Inv.....

Adm. Serv.....
Ext. Affairs.....
Fin. & Pers.....
Gen. Inv.....
Ident.....
Intell.....

Legal Coun.....
Plan. & Insp.....
Rec. Mgt.....
S. & T. Serv.....
Spec. Inv.....
Training.....

~~SECRET~~

1 - Mr.

b6

SAC, San Francisco

8/10/76

Director, FBI

94-8-75-

~~SECRET~~ SAN FRANCISCO

Enclosed for your information is a copy of U. S. Department of State communication dated 8/6/76, setting forth progress in the establishment of reciprocal news facilities in San Francisco, California, and Leningrad, USSR.

Enclosure

GWV:ba
(4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

1-8-03

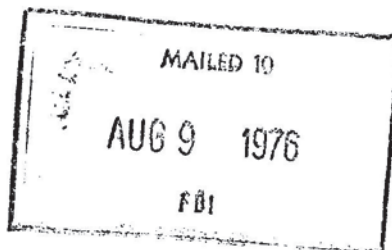
CLASSIFIED BY
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X 1,6

930987

~~SECRET~~

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Assoc. Dir. _____
Dep. AD Adm. _____
Dep. AD Inv. _____
Asst. Dir.: _____
Admin. _____
Comp. Syst. _____
Ext. Affairs _____
Files & Com. _____
Gen. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Inspection _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Plan. & Eval. _____
Spec. Inv. _____
Training _____
Legal Coun. _____
Telephone Rm. _____



MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

54 AUG 30 1976

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

1 - Mr. Cochran
1 - Mr. Stack
1 - Mr. Kilty

Assoc. Dir. _____
Dep. AD Adm. _____
Dep. AD Inv. _____
Asst. Dir.: _____
Adm. Serv. _____
Ext. Affairs _____
Fin. & Pers. _____
Gen. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Inspection _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Legal Coun. _____
Plan. & Eval. _____
Rec. Mgnt. _____
Spec. Inv. _____
Training _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director Sec'y _____

TO : Mr. Jenkins

DATE: 6/2/76

FROM : J. Cochran, Jr.

SUBJECT: UPI WIRE REPORT
CONCERNING POLITICAL TERRORISTS

PURPOSE

To advise of the receipt of a credibility evaluation from the Energy Research and Development Administration (ERDA) concerning captioned report.

DETAILS

The Director has previously inquired as to the feasibility of the statement in a UPI wire report concerning producing a nuclear bomb for about \$20,000 by using small quantities of used nuclear fuel. ERDA was contacted to evaluate the credibility of such information.

[Redacted] Division of Safeguards and Security, ERDA, has advised that no credence should be attached to the statements in the UPI report. He points out that the resources necessary to handle even small amounts of spent nuclear fuel elements are very substantial. This material even after months of "cooling" in deep water-filled basins is still so radioactive that it can only be handled remotely behind concrete walls of nominal 5 ft. thickness. He concludes that those attempting such activity, as is reported in the news release, would in all probability die due to radiation exposure before much progress could be made.

RECOMMENDATION

For information.

Enclosure

1 - Mr. Leavitt (Attention: Mr. McHargue)

OC:bsm (5)

Assoc. Dir. _____
Dep. AD Adm. _____
Dep. AD Inv. _____
Asst. Dir.: _____
Adm. Serv. _____

Ext. Affairs _____
Fin. & Pers. _____
Gen. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Inspection _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Legal Coun. _____
Plan. & Eval. _____
Rec. Mgnt. _____
Spec. Inv. _____
Training _____

NOT RECORDED

191 JUN 23 1976

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI/DOJ

51 JUN 29 1976

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-481291-107

January 9, 1979

MEMORANDUM TO MR. BOYNTON

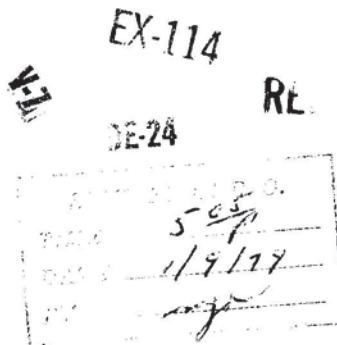
RE: ⁰UPI NEWS RELEASE
RE RECOGNITION OF PEOPLES
REPUBLIC OF CHINA

I called Ambassador Robert Strauss today to express my appreciation for the manner in which he had fielded the questions on the radio and television program "Issues and Answers" in which he was asked to comment on my reported statements about the effect of recognition of the Peoples Republic of China. You had indicated to me that he had stated that while he had been a former FBI Agent he was not current on these matters but recognized that with any recognition would come some additional responsibilities for the FBI. He attributed no special significance to my reported statements.

In conversation Ambassador Strauss said that he had not previously seen my statement but immediately recognized that report had gone beyond my quoted remarks. I thanked him for the way he had handled the situation and he expressed appreciation for my call.

William H. Webster

Assoc. Dir. _____
Dep. AD Adm. _____
Dep. AD Inv. _____ WHW:mfd
Asst. Dir.: _____
Adm. Servs. _____
Crim. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Legal Coun. _____
Plan. & Insp. _____
Rec. Mgnt. _____
Tech. Servs. _____
Training _____
Public Affs. Off. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director's Sec'y _____



PERS. REC. UNIT
FBI/D

You are scheduled to host [redacted]
FBI Exchange Seminar at the Academy
during the period 5/16-18/80.

United Press International

930987

GENERAL OFFICES
NEWS BUILDING, 220 EAST 42ND STREET
NEW YORK, N. Y. 10017

JIM EAST
REGIONAL EXECUTIVE
P. O. BOX 942
NASHVILLE, TENN. 37202

OUTSIDE

February 1, 1980

Mr. William Webster
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
9th and Pennsylvania Ave.
Washington, D.C. 20535

Dear Mr. Director,

On Saturday, May 17, the annual UPI-Tennessee Association of Newspapers (UPITAN) awards dinner will be held at Fairfield Glade, Tenn., a resort in the Cumberland Plateau about two hours east of Nashville and one hour west of Knoxville.

I'd like to invite you to be our dinner speaker and, at the same time, take this opportunity to visit Tennessee for the first time in your current capacity. I've taken the liberty, Mr. Webster, of talking with your John Burke and he has confirmed your schedule is clear on the date of our meeting.

Should you be able to accept, I can assure you an audience of 50-100 people, including the top news executives of nearly every major newspaper in the state. In addition, I would also open the dinner to members of the broadcast media for coverage purposes. I will leave the question of a "Q & A" session up to you. The meetings are fairly informal — cocktails from 6:30-7:30 p.m., followed by dinner and our guest speaker. After that, the top award winners from UPI newspapers in Tennessee will receive awards for their efforts during 1979. The evening probably will end by 10.

I'd like to stress the recreational opportunities available at Fairfield Glade, not the least of which are indoor and outdoor tennis facilities. I understand you hit a pretty good ball in doubles and I'd be happy to set up a friendly match with two of our better publisher players — John Seigenthaler of The Tennessean and John Jay Hooker of the Nashville Banner. Van Pritchett of the Memphis Press-Scimitar also plays pretty well so I think you'd have fun. And, since Nashville isn't that far from St. Louis, this might also give you a chance to spend part of the weekend at home. I'm enclosing a Fairfield Glade brochure for informational purposes.

As far as topics are concerned, Mr. Director, I leave that completely up to you, suggesting that the President's comments are re-chartering our intelligence system may be one area of interest. Whatever you say will be completely fine with us.

Should you or your staff have questions, please don't hesitate to contact me. I look forward to your expeditious and, hopefully, affirmative reply.

Best regards, Copy made for Tele. Rm.

Jim East
cc: Mr. Homer Boynton

IN NASHVILLE, 242-7348; ELSEWHERE IN TENNESSEE, 1-800-342-1347.

NASHVILLE, TENN. 37202

Exec. AD-Inv 7D
Exec. AD-Adm. _____
Exec. AD-LES _____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. _____
Crim. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Legal Coun. _____
Plan. & Insp. _____
Rec. Mgmt. _____
Tech. Servs. _____
Training _____
Public Aff. _____
Telephone Rm. _____

144



94-8-95-699

ENCLOSURE

Happy days are always here!



Obtain HUD property report from developer and read it before signing anything.
HUD neither approves the merits of the offering nor the value, if any, of the property.

OAD 78

Weather or not.

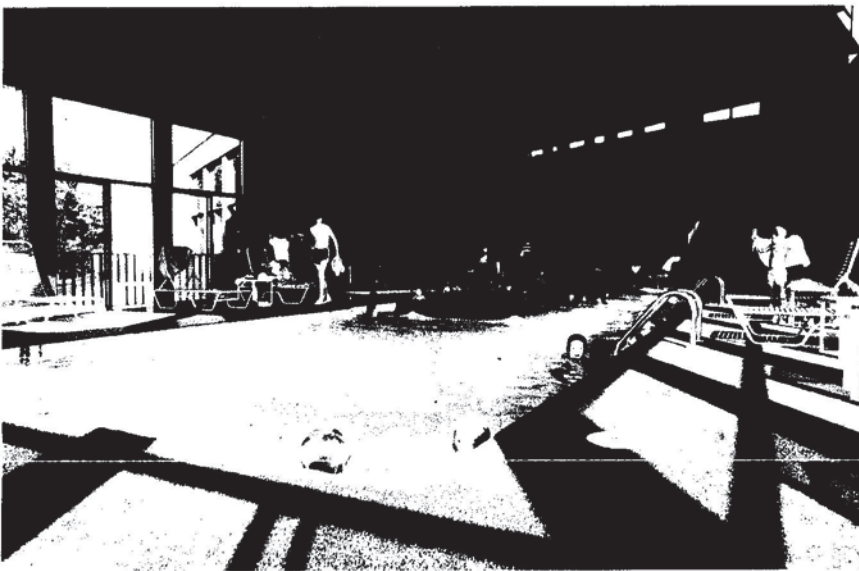
A lot of resorts are famous for being a fun place to visit at certain times of the year. At Fairfield Glade, we keep the good times going year 'round—indoors and out.

For days when the weather may be a little off, we have indoor swimming and a health club complete with sauna and giant whirlpool. You can play tennis indoors at Fairfield Glade. Likewise with basketball, volleyball, badminton, bridge and bingo.

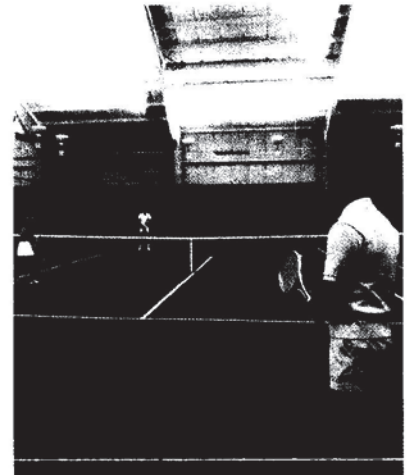
Some of our most popular attractions include square dances and arts & crafts workshops—all inside.

Outdoors our famous golf course and tennis courts are open year 'round. Early spring and late fall provide breathtaking views from our 2000 foot elevation.

Having a good time is a year 'round activity at Fairfield Glade—because we've planned it that way. Be sure to join us!



Enjoy year 'round swimming at our Health Club located at the Lodge.



Play tennis night or day, rain or shine—we have two indoor courts.



Residents and guests often come together for a friendly Bridge game at the Country Club.



Live music and Broadway Dinner theatre provides a "night on the town" in our Country Club Showroom.



The Arts & Crafts Center can provide many hours of rewarding handiwork.



The Greenhouse Restaurant is open daily for breakfast, lunch and dinner.



Our indoor pool at the Lodge is a great place to meet new friends.



One of the most popular attractions at the Glade is our 18 hole "mini-golf" course.



One of the favorite gathering places after a hard day's play is our lounge at the Lodge.



The Towne Centre has a post office, grocery store, gift shop, beauty salon, library and real estate offices.



Two popular activities are fishing in one of our seven lakes and paddle boating.



The green on the 15th hole is large and undulating—a putter's delight.



At Fairfield Glade, we have every community service including fire protection.



Renting a bicycle for a leisurely tour of the Glade is good exercise and fun!



Year in and year out, one of our top attractions is horseback riding.



Our fully stocked marina located on Lake St. George comes complete with a fishing "pro."



The gymnasium at the Civic Center is the site for spirited basketball and volleyball games plus exercise classes for residents.



Beachside swimming is available at Lake St. George next to the Marina.

Sm aft sm of g tim

Fairfield Glade is fun places and smi one of the largest a plete resorts in Am can enjoy everything our 18 hole champ to indoor/outdoor swimming indoors even from a sand b trails, and riding pa crafts center, and b can enjoy a bridge dinner theatre, and with dancing to live just about say, "yo it" when it comes t time. In addition to Fairfield Glade is a community with ov 'round residents ar We have our own t department, emerg service, grocery str even our own libra the one thing we h apart from other re Tennessee traditio ya" hospitality. You guest at Fairfield G you leave, you'll lea Because at Fairfield we say "glad to me mean it.

mile er mile ood nes.

11,500 acres of
ling faces! We're
nd most com-
erica. A family
ing from golf on
ionship course
ennis. We have
or out (or
each), hiking
ths, an arts and
ingo for all. You
party, Broadway
dress-up dinner
music. We can
u name it, we got
o having a good
being a resort,
so a full grown
er 900 year
nd employees.
ire and police
gency medical
ore, beauty shop,
ry. And probably
ave that sets us
sorts is our great
of "glad to meet
may arrive as a
lade but when
ive as a friend.
d Glade, when
et ya!", we



An evening of dining and dancing starts at the Country Club.



Our new 100 room Lodge is located across the duck pond from the Towne Centre.



The spacious Lodge guest rooms feature color T.V. and patio or balcony views.



The Lodge lobby is where our guests check in for their Fairfield Glade visit.



Friendly Fairfield Glade personnel are always glad to meet you and help you!



The Golf Pro Shop is a relocated and converted train station!



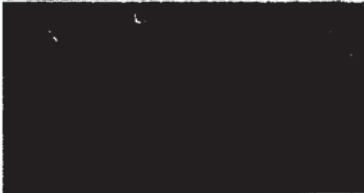
The Fairfield Glade Country Club is a popular gathering place for residents and guests.



Professionally produced Broadway Dinner theatre plays frequently in our Showroom.



Many of our guests stay in modern condominiums such as these.



Many of our residents have homes bordering golf fairways such as shown here on the 9th hole.



A breathtaking view of our Lakeshore Terrace condominiums as seen from the Country Club grounds.



Some of our residents prefer lakeside living—with seven lakes, we have the room!



Our Olympic size swimming pool located near the Country Club also has a kiddie pool.



The Fairfield Glade Conference Center's Great Hall of St. George can seat 400.



Glade folks are available to help you in whatever way they can.

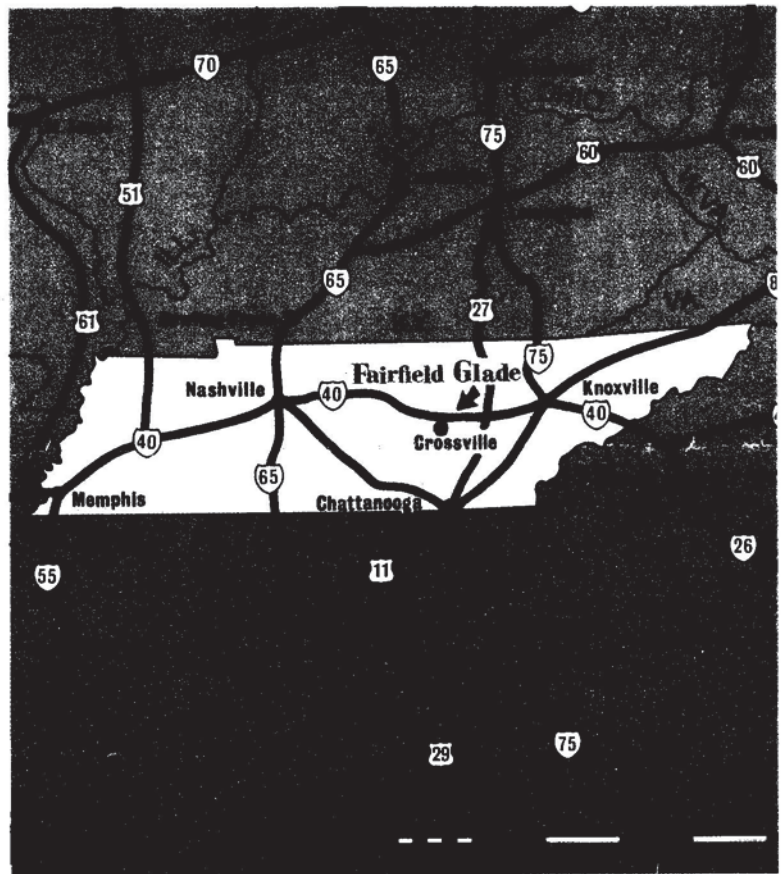


Sweeping view such as this from the 10th hole makes our golf course one of the most beautiful anywhere.

**The Cumberland Plateau is clean,
unspoiled and beautiful vacation land.**

Fairfield Glade is located high in the Cumberland Mountains on the Cumberland Plateau. It's an unspoiled land of stunning scenic beauty, studded with lakes, rivers and forest park lands. The Cumberland is known as "Nature's Air Conditioning" because of the pleasant summer days, cool nights, and mild winters. You'll breathe mountain fresh air at Fairfield Glade, and you'll enjoy water sports and fishing in the clear, unpolluted waters of Lake St. George, Lake Catherine, Spring Lake, and Lake Canterbury.

Fairfield Glade is located right in the middle of one of the most desirable vacation sites in the nation. Paul Crabtree's Cumberland County Playhouse presents award-winning plays just 10 miles away. Our nextdoor neighbor is the Catoosa Wildlife Management Area, 84,000 acres of protected forest abounding with game. We're 45 miles from Fall Creek Falls State Park and only 12 miles from Cumberland Mountain State Park.



674-8-95-699

OUTSIDE SOURCE

February 27, 1980

Mr. Jim East
Regional Executive
United Press International
Post Office Box 942
Nashville, Tennessee 37202

Dear Mr. East:

Thank you for your letter of February 1 inviting me to address the annual UPI--Tennessee Association of Newspapers awards dinner on May 17, 1980. I appreciate your thinking of me and wish I could give you a favorable response. I regret, however, that a prior commitment will not permit me to join you.

Please accept my best wishes for a most successful dinner.

Sincerely yours,

William E. Webster

William E. Webster
Director

1 - Knoxville - Enc.

1 - Mr. Bruemmer - Enc.
1 - Telephone Room - Enc.
1 - Mr. Boynton - Enc.
1 - Mr. Schiappa - Enc.
1 - Mr. Hale - Enc.
1 - Speech Desk - Enc.

NOTE: Invitation declined per Director. The Director is scheduled to be in Quantico on 5/17/80. Bufiles reflect nothing to preclude this response.

JE:jmk (8)

APPROVED:

Director _____
Exec. AD-Inv. _____
Exec. AD-Adm. _____
Exec. AD-LES _____

Adm. Serv. _____
Crim. Inv. _____

Ident. _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____

Legal Coun. _____
Plan. & Insp. _____
Rec. Mgnt. _____
Tech. Servs. _____
Training _____
Public Affs. Off. _____

Exec AD Inv. _____
Exec AD Adm. _____
Exec AD LES _____
Asst. Dir.: _____
Adm. Servs. _____
Crim. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Legal Coun. _____
Plan. & Insp. _____
Rec. Mgnt. _____
Tech. Servs. _____
Training _____
Public Affs. Off. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director's Sec'y _____

MAIL ROOM ☐

Mr. Bayse

10/25/79

Mr. Divan

R
ASSOCIATED PRESS (AP) AND
UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL (UPI), INCORPORATED
WIRE SERVICES

PURPOSE: To request new AP and UPI wire service machines.

DETAILS: Each day the Public Affairs Office (PAO) monitors the AP and UPI wire service machines which are located in the Press Office. Stories on the wires that are of interest to the Director and FBI executives are clipped on a hourly basis and furnished to them.

These machines are 50 years old and are frequently breaking down. The PAO has been told by the repairmen that these machines are so old that parts must be cannabilized from other machines out of service in order to repair the Bureau's machines.

The present cost for the AP wire service is \$210.30 per month and the cost for UPI wire service is \$185 per month.

New machines, namely the EXTEL models, are available from AP and UPI at a somewhat higher cost. AP service would cost \$261.40 and UPI would cost \$232.66 plus a \$50 switching charge for UPI.

These machines are quiet and much more efficient than the present machines which are housed in wooden cabinets because of the noise factor.

The new machines can be obtained by contacting: Tony Cattlao, AP, 2021 K Street, Northwest, Washington, D. C., telephone number 833-5370; and, John Mantle, UPI, 315 National Press Building, Washington, D. C., telephone number 637-3754.

RECOMMENDATION: That the PAO obtain new wire service machines from AP and UPI.

- ① - Mr. Boynton
1 - Mr. Bayse
1 - Mr. Divan
1 - Mr. Long

JWM:b1j 11/1/79

94-8-95-
NOT RECORDED

NOV 30 1979

NOT RECORDED

NOV 16 1979

94-8-19-900
ORIGINAL FILED IN

United Press International

GENERAL OFFICES
NEWS BUILDING, 220 EAST 42ND STREET
NEW YORK, N. Y. 10017

JIM EAST
REGIONAL EXECUTIVE
P. O. BOX 942
NASHVILLE, TENN. 37202

December 9, 1981

OUTSIDE SOURCE

Mr. Roger Young
Asst. Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
10th & Pennsylvania Ave.
Washington, D.C. 20535

Dear Mr. Young,

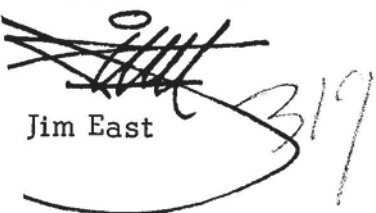
In April, 1982, members of the UPI Broadcasters Association of Tennessee (UPIBAT) will gather here in Nashville for its annual awards presentations. Representatives of Tennessee's largest radio and television station will compromise the group.

I'm writing to invite Director Webster to attend as our guest speaker for the Saturday night awards dinner. I haven't set the actual date yet in the hopes we can mesh our schedule with Judge Webster's. UPIBAT is currently discussing having the meeting at the new, 400-room Marriott Hotel here.

Generally, the schedule calls for 6:30 p.m. cocktails, followed by dinner at 7:30 and the speaker and awards. In years past, we are usually finished easily by 10 p.m. Awards are presented in such categories as best spot news, best series, best features, etc. Attendance is normally around 50 or so persons, however with a speaker of Judge Webster's caliber, I'm sure that figure would double.

I'd appreciate hearing from you at your earliest convenience. That way, a firm date and other details can be finalized depending on the Director's availability in April. If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to contact me.

Happy holidays!


Jim East

IN NASHVILLE, 242-7348; ELSEWHERE IN TENNESSEE, 1-800-342-1347.

12 14-12
701
12 14 1982
RST/ham

January 12, 1982

OUTSIDE SOURCE

~~Mr. Jim East~~
~~Regional Executive~~
~~United Press International~~
~~Post Office Box 942~~
Nashville, Tennessee 37202

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL

Dear Mr. East:

I discussed your December 9 invitation to speak at the UPIBAT annual awards dinner in April with Director Webster. He would like to be able to be with you. Unfortunately, his schedule of commitments in April is particularly heavy, making it impossible for him to attend.

He asked me to thank you for thinking of him and to extend his best wishes for a successful dinner.

Sincerely,

(S)
Roger S. Young
Assistant Director in Charge
Office of Congressional
and Public Affairs

- 1 - Nashville - Enclosure DE-47
- 1 - Mr. Young - Enclosure
- 1 - Miss Devine - Enclosure
- 1 - Telephone Room - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Marquise - Enclosure
- 1 - Speech Desk - Enclosure

94-8-95-703

NOTE: Invitation declined per Director. Bufiles reflect nothing to preclude this response.

WEB:ldp (9)

Exec AD Inv. _____
Exec AD Adm. _____
Exec AD LES _____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. _____
Crim. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Legal Coun. _____
Plan. & Insp. _____
Rec. Mgnt. _____
Tech. Servs. _____
Training _____
Public Affs. Off. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director's Sec'y _____

MAIL ROOM ☒

APPROVED

Director

Exec. AD-Adm.

Exec. AD-Inv.

Exec. AD-LES

Adm. Servs.

Crim. Inv.

Ident.

Inspection

Intell.

Laboratory

Legal Coun.

Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.

Rec. Mgnt.

Tech. Servs.

Training

slas

FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype☐ Facsimile☒ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate☐ Priority☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET☐ SECRET☐ CONFIDENTIAL☐ UNCLAS E F T O☐ UNCLAS

Date 6/15/82

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
(ATTN: SA [REDACTED] ROOM 7156)

FROM: SAC, ATLANTA (80-00)

SUBJECT: MEDIA RELATIONS
ATLANTA DIVISION

Re Bureau telcal to Atlanta, 6/14/82.

Enclosed for Bureau is copy of invitation to United Press International's (UPI) Broadcast Awards Banquet.

This will confirm telcals between SA Bernard R. Berry, Atlanta and SA [REDACTED] FBIHQ.

SA Berry, Media Representative (MR), Atlanta Division has received invitation to attend UPI's Georgia Broadcast Awards Banquet to be held Savannah, Georgia, 7/30 - 8/1/82. In response to invitation, SA Berry contacted Allan A. Siegert, Event Coordinator, who advised no other Bureau employee has received invitation and therefore SA Berry would be only Bureau representative at this function. According to Siegert, SA Berry was chosen to attend inasmuch as he is one of the best known news sources in the State. In this regard, he has been Atlanta's MR since October, 1978 and has had a wide range of experience in dealing with the media. In view of the uniqueness of this invitation, Atlanta is recommending that the Bureau authorize SA Berry to attend this function on official Bureau business and registration, travel and per diem cost be funded by the Bureau.

It is fully anticipated that Bureau representation at this function will provide an outstanding opportunity to meet with broadcast representatives from all regions of Georgia to

ENCLOSURE

② - Bureau
2 - Atlanta
(1- 66-1597)

BRB: jba
(4)

Approved: [Signature]

Transmitted

(Number)

(Time)

703
17 JUN 25 1982
PERS. REC. UNIT

b6

AT 80-00

discuss matters of mutual interest, to insure an understanding of Bureau media policies and to establish liaison with broadcasters on statewide basis, particularly those smaller outlets outside metro areas. And in general it would provide an opportunity to enhance the Bureau's media image. Also SA Berry who serves as Atlanta's Applicant Coordinator (AC) will solicit input from media representatives useful in promoting the Bureau recruiting efforts.

Approximate cost for attendance as follows:

Registration:	\$7.00
Reception:	5.75
Awards Banquet:	27.00
2 nights lodging @ \$45.00 per nite	90.00
2 days per diem:	<u>100.00</u> (approximately)
Total:	\$229.75

Travel will be via Bureau car or POA, approximately 600 miles round trip.

It is noted registration cost and room registration must be paid by 7/9/82. Accordingly, Bureau requested to confirm SA Berry's attendance as soon as possible in order that appropriate travel arrangements be scheduled.

from
UPI / **The**
Company

UPI's Broadcast Awards Banquet and
75th Anniversary Party will be in Savannah beginning
Friday, July 30th.

We invite you to enjoy a weekend in Savannah
and help honor the winners of this year's broadcast
awards.

Enclosed please find a hotel registration
card, which should be returned as soon as possible.

Also, please fill out the form below and
return it to me in Atlanta.

A reception is scheduled for Friday night.
There will be a business meeting Saturday morning, and
the Awards banquet that night.

We look forward to seeing you there.

Best regards,,

Allan Siebert
Allan A. Siebert

Name _____

Station _____

Registration	_____ persons at \$7.00 each	\$ _____
Friday Reception & cocktail party	_____ persons at \$5.75 each	\$ _____
Awards Banquet		
Saturday	_____ persons at \$27.00 each	\$ _____

payable to UPI
United Press International Suite 415, 1819 Peachtree Rd., N.E. • Atlanta, GA 30367

703
ENCLOSURE

AIRTEL

6/22/82

Director, FBI

SACs, Atlanta
Savannah - Enclosure

TRAVEL BY SA BERNARD R. BERRY
ATLANTA DIVISION
TO UPI AWARDS BANQUET
SAVANNAH, GEORGIA
7/30-8/1/82

Re Atlanta airtel to the Bureau, 6/15/82, captioned
"Media Relations, Atlanta Division."

Enclosed for Savannah is a copy of the aforementioned
Atlanta airtel.

Approval ~~is~~ granted for SA Bernard R. Berry, Atlanta
Division, to attend United Press International (UPI) Broadcast
Awards Banquet, Savannah, Georgia, 7/30-8/1/82.

SAC Savannah should be apprised of final itinerary, to
include means of transportation and accommodations while in the
Savannah Division.

NOTE: The OCPA concurs with Atlanta that SA Berry should attend
the UPI Broadcast Awards Banquet, Savannah, Georgia, 7/30-8/1/82
at Bureau expense. On 6/21/82, SA [redacted] ASD, advised that
all expenses incurred by SA Berry relative to the Savannah trip would
be charged to the Atlanta field office.

b6

2 - Atlanta
2 - Savannah
Exec AD Adm. — 2
Exec AD LES — 1
Asst. Dir.: — 1 - Mr. Young
Adm. Servs. — 1 - Mr. Divan
Crim. Inv. — 1 - Mr. Gooderham
Ident. — 1 - Mr. [redacted]
Intell. — 1 - Mr. [redacted]
Laboratory — WDT:lsk (9)
Legal Coun. — WDT
Plan. & Insp. —
Rec. Mgnt. —
Tech. Servs. —
Training —
Public Affs. Off. —
Telephone Rm. —
Director's Sec'y —

MAIL ROOM [initials]

44-9-95-704
File
OCA
WDT
7/14/82

OCA-9 [initials]
b6
PERS. REC. UNIT

OUTSIDE SOURCE

November 3, 1983

Mr. Gregory Jensen
Senior Editor, UPI
8 Bouverie Street
London EC4Y 8BB, England

Dear Mr. Jensen:

On September 23rd, a UPI wire story under your byline related information concerning the new musical about Jean Seberg in Britain's National Theater. That article included a statement that ... "a 'smear' by the FBI over her involvement in the Black Power movement and other controversial causes led to a breakdown and her eventual suicide."

I recognize that you were only reporting what you had learned about the forthcoming musical but I wanted you to know that the "smear" story is simply untrue, unfair and generally discredited by the media itself. As the Wall Street Journal commented, "It's an ugly story, but the ugliest feature is that this widely circulated account isn't true."

Many of your media associates reported over three years ago that there is no proof that the FBI was responsible for the story of Seberg's pregnancy appearing in the press. We acknowledged that our Los Angeles Office suggested such a plan, but it was never approved by FBI Headquarters. Both Los Angeles Columnist Joyce Haber and Newsweek Magazine, who originally reported the story, said they had obtained their information from sources not connected with the FBI.

Although there is evidence pointing at the true cause of Miss Seberg's breakdown and suicide, I don't think that tragic story need be discussed here. My interest is solely in explaining to you our position and asking that you take into consideration that position in any future stories concerning the musical.

RSY:nls

(5)

1 - Mr. Young

MAIL ROOM ☒

FBI/DOJ

Mr. Gregory Jensen

I'm enclosing some public source materials which further explain the Seberg issue.

Please accept my thanks for your consideration of this matter which we consider of real importance.

Sincerely,

Roger S. Young
Assistant Director in Charge
Office of Congressional
and Public Affairs

Enclosures (4)

*Deferred &
Hand Carried
to DOJ*

1 - Ms. Judi Hasson
United Press International
315 National Press Building
Washington, D. C. 20045

The Durable Smear

Smears are a nasty business, and not least because they die so reluctantly. A prime example is the unending affair of Jean Seberg and the FBI, which, through the carelessness of the press, has caused considerable injustice to everyone concerned, including the FBI.

The version which everyone undoubtedly has heard claims that the FBI was responsible for the mental instability of actress Jean Seberg which led her to take her own life in late 1979. This was so, according to the Associated Press, CBS News and a variety of newspapers, because the FBI "admitted" spreading gossip in 1970 that the actress had become pregnant by a member of the Black Panther Party. According to this version, when the story appeared in a Los Angeles Times gossip column and Newsweek in 1970, it caused her so much distress that she went into premature labor and lost the baby. This version, complete with reference to the FBI admission of guilt, received a reprise in the recent obituaries of Miss Seberg's former husband, French novelist Romain Gary.

It's an ugly story, but the ugliest feature is that this widely circulated account isn't true. Contrary to CBS News, the AP et al., the FBI never admitted planting the story. The confusion arose after Miss Seberg's suicide, when Mr. Gary blamed it on the FBI and the FBI responded by making public a few papers from its Seberg

file. One of these items was a report from the Los Angeles office in 1970 relaying the Black Panther story and suggesting that it be leaked to the press. Another item was the reply from headquarters, overruling the suggestion.

There's not much to praise in the FBI's motives for restraint; headquarters was mainly afraid of compromising a wiretap, apparently on Black Panther offices, that produced the original information. The higher echelons condoned the idea in principle. In fact, J. Edgar Hoover had personally conducted a similar operation years earlier against Martin Luther King. Maybe it's poetic justice that the FBI's former fascination with personal gossip leaves it open to a smear.

But there's no justification for repetition of the claim that the FBI caused Miss Seberg's death. When Accuracy in Media challenged this version of the Seberg affair, some papers did print corrections. Yet when Romain Gary died early this December, some of the same papers reverted to the original version necessitating new corrections.

We'd all agree that the FBI should be fighting crime and foreign subversion, not mongering gossip. Much of the criticism it's received has helped return it to its original mission. But the reflex hostility in the reporting of the Seberg affair suggests that the press could do a better job of keeping its own records straight.

WALL STREET JOURNAL
1-6-81, pg. 30

94-8-95 - 706

The FBI Didn't Do It

About a year ago this newspaper and others — relying on a wire service dispatch — editorially castigated the Federal Bureau of Investigation for planting a false story about actress Jean Seberg becoming pregnant by a member of the so-called Black Panthers (not her husband). The relevant Associated Press story began: "The FBI admitted yesterday that in 1970 it spread gossip about actress Jean Seberg. . . ." Excerpts from documents being circulated by the group, Accuracy in Media, now show that the AP story, and others at the time, were in error.

The documents indicate that the FBI's

Los Angeles office did suggest leaking the story about Seberg's pregnancy. The information had been acquired in part by a wiretap. Although Washington approved, it advised a two-month waiting period — during which the story, apparently true, was published on the basis of sources said to be independent of the FBI. The planning and approval of a planted story in order to cheapen the image of a person of whom the FBI disapproved was still wrong. But since the FBI never carried out its plan, we regret any cheapening of the bureau's image caused by our criticism of the agency as though it had.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH
9-12-80, pg. 2B

News council admits being wrong in criticizing FBI on Seberg leak

The Associated Press

DES MOINES, Iowa — The National News Council has admitted it was unfair to the Federal Bureau of Investigation in condemning the agency for allegedly leaking information to the press in an attempt to malign the reputation of actress Jean Seberg.

Meeting at Drake University, the council Friday issued a "revised comment" on a statement it made in September 1979 about the FBI's conduct.

That statement had followed claims and news reports that said the FBI had leaked information that Miss Seberg, who died last year, had become pregnant by a member of the Black Panther Party.

However, council member William Rusher, publisher of the National Review, said the media-monitoring group Accuracy in Media has recently obtained FBI documents that indicate the leak may never have occurred.

"Documents recently released by the FBI show that while the agency contemplated leaking embarrassing personal information about Miss Seberg, that information was not, in fact, officially released by the agency. The (1979) ac-

tion by the council was unfair to the FBI," the news council said in its revised statement on the case.

The new statement added: "With respect to the press, the council holds that news organizations have an obligation to publish no embarrassing or derogatory information about individuals without independent verification."

The National News Council is an independent, non-profit, voluntary organization composed of representatives from the press and public. It analyzes complaints about inaccuracy and unfairness in news coverage.

ATLANTA CONSTITUTION
9-21-80, pg. 18A

706

THE F.B.I. DID NOT KILL JEAN SEBERG

On September 8, 1979, the beautiful blond actress, Jean Seberg, the star of such movies as "Paint Your Wagon" and "Airport," was found dead in the back seat of a car in Paris. She had apparently taken an overdose of barbiturates. Six days later the CBS and ABC television evening news programs carried stories saying that her ex-husband, a French writer named Romain Gary, was charging that the FBI was responsible for the emotional instability that led to her death. CBS devoted a full two minutes to the story, giving it second place after hurricane Frederick, which had devastated the Gulf Coast. Walter Cronkite said the FBI had planted a false story with Joyce Haber, gossip columnist for the Los Angeles Times, back in 1970, saying that Seberg was expecting a baby fathered by one of the leaders of the radical Black Panther movement. Gary, Cronkite said, had charged that the publication of this gossip had caused Seberg to miscarry the child and had given impetus to her emotional problems. ABC and NBC gave the story much less time and prominence, but both reported that the FBI had admitted that it had planted the story in the effort to smear Seberg's reputation.

CBS gave the story another two minutes and 20 seconds the following evening, again quoting Romain Gary as saying that Seberg's mental destruction was caused by the FBI story and the loss of her child. CBS returned to the subject on September 19, devoting three minutes and 20 seconds to a discussion of the FBI counterintelligence program, COINTELPRO, under which the action against Seberg and other prominent American supporters of radical causes was allegedly carried out.

The Print Media Pitch In

On September 15, 1979, the Seberg story was on the front page of many newspapers. The Washington Post used an Associated Press story that began with this lead: "The FBI admitted yesterday that in 1970 it spread gossip that actress Jean Seberg, who committed suicide recently, had become pregnant by a member of the Black Panther Party." The story went on to say that the publication of this gossip by the Los Angeles Times and Newsweek magazine had, according to Seberg, so shocked the actress that she "went into labor immediately and the child was dead at birth." It quoted ex-husband Gary as saying that as a result, Seberg "became psychotic" and "every year on the anniversary of this stillbirth she has tried to take her own life." It added: "Gary said he always believed the child was his, and he said the child was white."

A front-page story in the New York Times the same day differed from the AP story in a very important respect, but it was so subtle that few readers noticed it. The Times lead said: "The FBI acknowledged today that its agents plotted in 1970 to besmirch the reputation of Jean Seberg..." The story went on to say that FBI documents showed that in 1970 the Los Angeles office of the bureau had suggested that a "rumor" be leaked to the papers to the effect that Seberg was pregnant and that the father was a Black Panther leader. The Times then said: "Headquarters granted approval, with this caveat: '... to insure the success of your plan, Bureau feels it would be better to wait approximately two additional months until Seberg's pregnancy would be obvious to everyone.'"

The Times noted that within two weeks after the Bureau gave those instructions to the Los Angeles office, an item about Jean Seberg's pregnancy appeared in Joyce Haber's column in the Los Angeles Times. Referring to her only as "Miss A," it said she was expecting and that "Papa's said to be a rather prominent Black Panther." The strong implication in the Times was that this gossip item had been planted by the FBI, despite the instructions from Washington that action be postponed for two additional months.

The Times said that the FBI documents relating to the Seberg matter had been released by FBI Director William Webster, who had said that the FBI no longer engaged in such activities. It added: "Nothing in the documents or in Mr. Webster's statement indicated whether bureau officials believed the rumor to be true." However, on September 18, the Times published an editorial which seemed to be influenced more by Walter Cronkite than by its own reporter. Labeling the COINTELPRO of the FBI an "atrocious," the editorial said, "It leaked information it knew to be false: that she (Seberg) was pregnant by a leading Black Panther." It went on to conclude that this terrible case showed that the public could not "trust in the rules or discretion of officials" and that the proposed charter for the FBI should be passed by Congress.

Columnist Pete Hamill of the New York Daily News,

AIM (ACCURACY IN MEDIA)
REPORT, 9-1-80

94-895-706

used quotes from the New York Times, but while the Times story (as distinct from its editorial) had only implied that the Los Angeles office had planted the Seberg story, Hamill went further. "These smarmy goons apparently couldn't wait," he wrote in his October 17 column. "Within two weeks, Joyce Haber printed a lengthy blind item in her Los Angeles Times gossip column and within days the item had been picked up—using Seberg's name—by Newsweek, the American Weekly, and a Paris periodical called Minute. According to Gary, Seberg was seven months pregnant when she read the articles. Hysterical, she went into premature labor. A baby daughter was delivered by Caesarian section, but died three days later. The girl from Iowa cracked up . . . 'After that,' Gary said at a Paris news conference last month, 'Jean became psychotic. Every year, on the anniversary of this miscarriage, she tried to kill herself.' Jean Seberg, of course, succeeded last month in her try at suicide . . . A lot of people were tougher than that old fraud J. Edgar Hoover, but Jean Seberg wasn't one of them."

Washington Post columnist Richard Cohen was even more indignant. Showing no faith in the word of either Joyce Haber or the Post's sister publication, Newsweek, both of which had insisted that the FBI was not the source of their items on Seberg, Cohen in a September 18 column said: "Both of the Seberg items originated with the FBI. They were planted by the bureau because the then-director, J. Edgar Hoover, the only contemporary racist to have the honor of a Washington building named for him, hated black militants . . ."

New York Daily News gossip columnist Liz Smith called the Seberg-FBI story "the most horrible" of the year. She converted Romain Gary's statement that Seberg had tried to commit suicide on every anniversary of the baby's death into a fact, as did Newsday in an editorial. Even conservative columnist Pat Buchanan accepted without reservation the charge that the story had been planted by the FBI and that it was false, "poison" concocted by some anonymous agent. Time magazine took the same position, saying that J. Edgar Hoover had "readily approved" the plot to discredit Seberg with a planted rumor about the baby's father. Time disposed of the problem posed by the order from Washington to delay action for two months by saying, "For unexplained reasons the Los Angeles agent did not wait that long."

All Wrong on All Counts

The outrage expressed in the media over the Seberg matter is based on the assumption that the following statements are true:

1. The FBI knew that the story that Seberg's baby had been fathered by a black was false, or that it had no reason to believe it to be true.
2. The FBI was responsible for planting the story in the press.
3. The publication of the story was responsible for the premature birth of the baby.
4. The publication of the story and the death of the baby unhinged Seberg mentally and led to her suicide nine years later.

A careful examination of the FBI file on Jean Seberg, which has been obtained by Accuracy in Media and

which has long been available to the press, provides very strong evidence that none of those four statements is true.

More Than a Rumor

The FBI documents show that the bureau had the best of reasons to believe the story was true. The source was a telephone conversation between Jean Seberg and her Black Panther boy friend, Raymond Hewitt, that had been intercepted and taped by FBI agents. It was clear from this conversation that Seberg considered Hewitt to be the father of the child she was expecting.

There was nothing surprising about this, since the files also showed that Seberg had been deeply involved with the Black Panthers, giving them substantial amounts of money. The record also showed that Hewitt was not the first black she had been involved with romantically. Seberg's involvement with the black radicals was not a deep secret known only to the FBI. Her husband, French writer Romain Gary, made it clear in his 1970 book, *White Dog*, that this was the reason he separated from Seberg.

Broadminded though he was, Gary became fed up with the stream of black radicals that flowed in and out of their home in Los Angeles, exploiting Seberg. In *White Dog* he describes an actress whom he calls "Clara" who bears a striking similarity to Seberg in her deep involvement with the black radical movement. Gary writes: "But you can't live and work shoulder to shoulder with men you admire for their tenacity and courage and disregard them as men, blocking off any normal relationship between man and woman. Clara finally took a black lover, then another."

It is clear from the FBI files that Seberg was having an affair in 1969 with Hakim Jamal, a Black Muslim who headed an organization called the Malcolm X Organization of Afro-American Unity (MOAAU). According to an intercepted telephone conversation between Seberg and another black boy friend, Jamal had wanted to marry her, but she said, "I just turned him off and tuned him out completely." However, in an interview published in the Los Angeles Times on August 27, 1969, when she was having the affair with Jamal, Seberg said that she had advised her husband to get a divorce because she had become involved with another man. According to a story in the Des Moines Register of August 19, 1970, Seberg and Gary had separated in September 1968.

Seberg "turned off" Jamal late in 1969, when she became involved with Hewitt, one of the leaders of the Black Panther Party. It is important to note that the Black Panther Party was something more than a "black nationalist cause," as the Associated Press described it. The Panthers were an extremely violent group. Their approach was outlined in their newspaper in an article by one of their leaders, Emory Douglas, on April 25, 1970. Douglas wrote: "The only way to make this racist U.S. government administer justice to the people it is oppressing is . . . by taking up arms against this government, killing the officials, until the reactionary forces are dead, and those that are left turn their weapons on their superiors, thereby passing revolutionary judgment against the number one enemy of all mankind, the racist U.S. government."

This was the group that Jean Seberg was supporting to the tune of thousands of dollars. The bureau had a very legitimate interest in combating the Black Panthers, and one way to combat them was to try to dry up the financial support they were getting from sympathizers such as Jean Seberg.

It is strange that the reporters who had access to the FBI files released in September 1979 said that the story about the father of Seberg's child was a "rumor," or that it was concocted by the FBI, or that "nothing in the documents indicated whether bureau officials believed the rumor to be true." It is true that the report from the FBI San Francisco office on the intercepted telephone conversation was not plainly labeled "wiretap." It was described as "a highly confidential source" and as information "from our special coverage of the Black Panther Party." The message was clearly a description of a telephone call Seberg had placed from Paris (telephone number 222-8555) to a person at the Black Panther headquarters in Berkeley, Calif. While the name is blacked out in the copy released to the press, we know that person to be Raymond Hewitt. AIM had no trouble confirming its assumption that the information was based on a wiretap. All those stories about how the FBI planted an outrageous rumor would have been spoiled had this simple fact been disclosed by the press.

But what of the claim by Gary that the child was his and the assertions that the baby was white? A UPI story that ran in the Washington Post on August 28, 1970, quoted Romain Gary as saying that the baby was his "according to all the laws of France." All that meant was that he had a legal claim to the child, since it was conceived before he and Seberg were divorced. He would have had greater difficulty claiming that he was the biological father, since he and Seberg had been separated for more than a year before the child was conceived, and he had left the country. He and Seberg insisted that the infant was white, but it would be difficult to determine the race of the father of a baby born two months prematurely simply from its appearance.

It should also be noted that Gary and Seberg had a strong incentive for claiming that the child was his. They sued Newsweek for having run the story that the father was "a black activist in California." The suit was filed in France, where you can win a judgment for defamation even if what was said is true. Gary and Seberg won the case and were awarded modest damages of around \$8,000, according to the FBI files.

Not an FBI Plant

We have already noted that while some reporters said that the FBI admitted that it spread the story about Seberg's baby, the New York Times story was careful to say that the bureau "plotted" to besmirch Seberg's reputation. The Times story went on to imply that the plot was carried out, but it never explicitly said so.

The distinction is important, because the FBI files make it clear that while the FBI considered planting the story about Seberg, it did not do so. The New York Times said that headquarters granted approval of a suggestion by

the Los Angeles office that the story be leaked "with this caveat: '... assure the success of your plan. Bureau feels it would be better to wait approximately two additional months until Seberg's pregnancy would be obvious to everyone.'" The three dots represent the omission of this key phrase: "To protect the sensitive source of information from possible compromise and." The Times also omitted the next sentence, which read: "If deemed warranted, submit your recommendation at that time."

The Times also quoted the headquarters' memo to Los Angeles as saying: "Jean Seberg has been a financial supporter of the BPP and should be neutralized. Her current pregnancy by (Hewitt) while still married affords an opportunity for such effort." It neglected to quote what followed: "The plan suggested by Los Angeles appears to have merit except for the timing since the sensitive source might be compromised if implemented prematurely."

The file shows that Los Angeles kept the matter under consideration for the next few months, before notifying Washington on July 28 that it was dropping the idea. It had found that Hewitt's wife knew of and apparently condoned this sexual promiscuity. It decided that nothing was to be gained by exposing him as the father of Seberg's child. There is nothing in the file to justify those many reports that the FBI admitted that it had planted the story about Seberg. There isn't a scintilla of evidence that anyone in the FBI planted the story, disregarding Washington's clear order not to do so in order to protect the source.

In March 1969, J. Edgar Hoover had given explicit instructions that "such matters should always be approved by Tolson (Hoover's top aide) or me." There is no evidence that this particular proposal was even called to the attention of Hoover or Tolson, much less approved by them. Those who know how well disciplined the FBI was under Hoover find it inconceivable that an agent would have disregarded instruction and risked compromising the wiretap by leaking the story to the press.

That didn't stop publications such as Time magazine from saying that "Hoover readily approved the plot" and that "for unexplained reasons the Los Angeles agent did not wait" for two months as ordered. The security reasons for delaying the proposed action had to be omitted from the stories, since that would have made it too hard to believe that Los Angeles would have disregarded instructions.

If the FBI didn't plant the story, who did? Both Joyce Haber and Newsweek said they got the story from sources not connected with the FBI. Newsweek said it had French sources. Romain Gary made it clear in his book that Seberg's deep involvement with the black radicals was well known to her friends and associates. He also wrote of an intimidation campaign against Seberg after he left her, inspired by black women who resented her. "That's why some of their boy friends organized a little intimidation campaign to get Jean out of the way," he was told. "So that our women could keep their misery and anguish and their privilege of suffering and of injustice all to themselves, without sharing it

with a movie star." There was Hakim Jamal, her rejected lover. The FBI was certainly not Seberg's only enemy that knew of her relationship with Hewitt.

Seberg's Reaction to the Story

Romain Gary and Jean Seberg told the press that when Newsweek hit the stands on August 17, 1970 with the story about the father of Seberg's child being "a black activist in California" the shock was so great that she went into labor and delivered her baby prematurely. After Seberg committed suicide in 1979, Gary said that the story and the death of the baby had caused her to become mentally unstable and suicidal.

The media accepted all that without challenge, but the FBI files give a very different picture. The files include the transcripts of two telephone conversations between Seberg and persons at the Black Panther headquarters in Los Angeles on August 19, 1970, right after the Newsweek article appeared. Far from being hysterical, Seberg was calm and in a "collecting" mood. After Seberg read the Newsweek story over the phone to the Black Panther, This conversation ensued:

Seberg: I have given instructions to a very prominent establishment liberal lawyer in New York to begin an extremely heavy and extensive and costly lawsuit for this defamation and intrusion in personal affairs—all the shit you can imagine.

BP: Un-huh.

Seberg: There is a very good chance of making a lot of money if I am lucky enough to get this baby into this world, because I've been having trouble, you know.

BP: I understand.

Seberg: Yeah, so the initial thing is, of course, right now, is my health and to get through all of this shit.

BP: Right on.

Seberg: Now, the second thing I want him to know about, and I want him to also know that you know, and he knows that if there is a lot of money coming out of this, you know where a great part of it will go.

Later in this conversation, Seberg said she had been in a clinic and had required "a lot of glucose and transfusions." She was hoping she could keep the baby through the end of August, because it would then be over seven months and might possibly survive. A little later she said, "I can still on my own go ahead with a very rough lawsuit, and I'm going to do it, and I don't care what comes out in the papers." Further on, Seberg said: "Get this message to all of you, 'cause you'll get a big kick out of it. To buy the Newsweek."

The second conversation was evidently with Hewitt. It was a long conversation that dealt with her health, the baby, the book being written by Hakim Jamal, her former lover, a book being written by her ex-husband, Romain Gary, a letter she had written to Hewitt, and some Black Panther business. There was only one possible reference to the Newsweek story. Seberg said: "I don't really dig the idea of having a baby, especially with the shit that has been printed." Newsweek was not mentioned by name.

She explained that she had been sick and had almost lost the baby. She said, "Well, the point is they think I'm going to have it premature, and if I do it could be any

time. If it's before the 27th of this month, it'll die." She had the baby by Caesarian section six days later, on August 25. It lived only two days.

In this conversation what was worrying Seberg far more than Newsweek, was the book that Hakim Jamal was writing. She said the book was supposed to tell how "Caucasian characters undermined the liberation struggle." She said of this, "I need moral support right now, and this is really like being hit over the head with a hammer." What particularly worried her was that in her letter to Hewitt she had made some criticisms of the Panthers. She was afraid of how the letter might be taken if Jamal was "coming out with that type of thing."

Seberg was very anxious that Hewitt try to find out what Jamal was writing, saying: "Yeah, well, try to find, try to see it . . . I'll go to war on it. I mean it. I mean I'll go to war on it on any level, legal or otherwise. So I want to know about it."

The truth is that Seberg was not visibly upset by either the Newsweek or the Haber stories. The former was viewed as a good chance to collect some big money, but she abandoned her plan to sue in the U.S., perhaps because she found that truth is a valid defense against libel in this country. It was obviously not this story, but rather her poor physical condition that was responsible for the premature birth and death of the baby, a possibility that her doctors had obviously warned her about long before the Newsweek story appeared.

In summary, the FBI was not responsible for the Newsweek story. Newsweek was not responsible for the premature birth of Seberg's baby. When she died in 1979, she was living with an Algerian. He might know more about the cause of her suicide than the man who divorced her nine years earlier, but he has not held a press conference.

The irony is that the media in trying to show how the FBI smeared Seberg twisted and suppressed the facts and ended up smearing the FBI.

What You Can Do

There are many culprits in this drama, but the one that should set the record straight is our newspaper of record, The New York Times, which accused the FBI of leaking "information it knew to be false." Write to Arthur Ochs Sulzberger, Chairman, The New York Times, New York, N.Y. 10036.

In view of the great amount of time CBS News devoted to the false story, you may wish to write to William Leonard, President, CBS News, 524 W. 57th St., New York, N.Y. 10019.

AIM REPORT is published semi-monthly by Accuracy In Media, Inc., 777 14th St., N.W., Washington, D.C. 20005. Second class postage paid at Washington, D.C. USPS 399-790. Subscriptions: \$3 a year to members of AIM (included in dues), \$15 to others. AIM dues are \$15 a year and are tax-deductible except for portion covering AIM REPORT subscription.



ACCACY IN MEDIA, INC.

Reed J. Irvine
Chairman of the Board

1341 G Street, N.W., Suite 312 • Washington, D.C. 20005

Phone: (202) 783-4406 or 783-6483

January 15, 1982

Reed J. Irvine, Chairman
Murray Baron, President
Wilson C. Luom, Vice President
John R. Van Evert, Executive Secretary
John K. McLean, Treasurer
Milton Mitchell, General Counsel

National Advisory Board

The Honorable Karl R. Bendtsen
Director and Retired Chairman
Champion International Corp
The Honorable Shelby Cullom Davis
Former Ambassador
The Honorable Elbridge Durbrow
Former Ambassador
Lawrence Fertig
Economist and Author
Ellen Garand
Author

Dr. Harry Gideonse
Chancellor Emeritus
New School of Social Research

Dr. Thomas H. Jukes
Professor of Medical Physics
University of California, Berkeley

Robert H. Kriehle
Chairman of the Board
Lombard Corp.

Mary Lewis
Union Official

David Lichtenstein
Former Ambassador
Member of Congress

Eugene Lyons
Author, Former Editor
of Readers Digest

David Martin
Writer and Analyst

Adm. Thomas H. Mower, USA (Ret.)
Former Chairman
Joint Chiefs of Staff

Dr. Charles A. Moser
Professor
George Washington University

R. Adm. William C. Mott, USA (Ret.)
President Capital Legal
Foundation

J. L. Robertson
Former Vice Chairman
Federal Reserve Board

Walter W. Serfert
Professor of Journalism
Ohio State University

Dr. Frederick Seitz
President
Rockefeller University

The Honorable William F. Simon
Former Secretary
of the Treasury

Lloyd H. Smith
Independent Oil and
Gas Producer

Dr. Frank Traeger
Professor Intl Affairs
New York University

Gen. Lewis W. Walt, USMC (Ret.)
Senior Scientist
McMullan Science Associates

Dr. Eugene P. Wigner
Nobel Laureate in Physics

Mr. Stephen F. Sewell
Assistant Chief
Complaints and Compliance Division
Broadcast Bureau
Federal Communications Commission
Washington, D. C. 20554

Dear Mr. Sewell:

On November 17, 1981, CBS aired a profile of the late Jean Seberg. The program included numerous statements which charged or suggested that the Federal Bureau of Investigation was responsible for the publication by newspapers and magazines of a story about Jean Seberg in 1970 which caused her such mental anguish that she had a miscarriage and subsequently became mentally unbalanced. The program strongly suggested that the Federal Bureau of Investigation was in some degree responsible for the death of Seberg's baby and for her own suicide in 1979.

We believe this to be a controversial issue of great public importance. There is strong evidence indicating (1) that the FBI was not responsible for the publication of the 1970 story about Seberg, and (2) that the publication of the story was not the cause of her miscarriage or her subsequent mental problems.

CBS did not present any of this evidence. What is even worse, CBS actually played on the program a portion of a recording of a telephone conversation between Seberg and Raymond Hewitt which CBS edited to make it conform to the CBS version of what the conversation was about. This tampering with the evidence strongly indicates that the CBS effort to portray the FBI in an unfavorable light was not only deliberate but contrived.

The overall controversial issue involved in this complaint is whether or not the Federal Bureau of Investigation was responsible in any significant degree for the miscarriage that Jean Seberg suffered in 1970, for the mental problems that plagued her for the next decade, and for her suicide. We need not dwell on the seriousness of this charge, which is highly damaging to the reputation of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and its officers and staff.

The only question is whether or not there is reasonable doubt that the charge is true and whether CBS in its November 17, 1981 program provided its viewers with a reasonable exposure to the other side of the story, or has done so on any other CBS program.

94-8-95 - 706
ENCLOSURE

The charge that the FBI had planted the story in the press back in 1970 that Seberg was carrying a baby fathered by a Black Panther leader first surfaced in the news media in the fall of 1979 when Seberg committed suicide in Paris. It was repeated by some elements of the media again in December 1980 when her former husband, Romain Gary, committed suicide. CBS gave extensive publicity to these charges on these occasions, airing the charge or references to it no less than five times. On none of these occasions did CBS News indicate that there was evidence that the charge of FBI responsibility was false.

On August 22, 1980, Accuracy in Media held a press conference in Washington at which we released documents and a tape recording from the FBI's file on Jean Seberg which AIM had obtained in response to a Freedom of Information request. These documents demonstrated that (1) the FBI headquarters in Washington had never approved a suggestion made by the Los Angeles office of the FBI that the story about Seberg's baby be given to a gossip columnist; (2) approval by the headquarters in Washington was required before such action could be taken by any FBI office; (3) Washington instructed Los Angeles not to act on the suggestion for about two months in order to protect the sensitive source of the information; and (4) Los Angeles withdrew its request for approval of the operation. The file further showed that an investigation by the FBI failed to find any evidence that any FBI agent or official had given the information about Seberg's baby to the press in contravention of the instructions from Washington headquarters.

The media reports about this matter had further alleged in some cases that the FBI had simply invented the story about Seberg's baby being fathered by a Black Panther and that it was false. This was a significant part of the effort to defame the FBI, because it suggested that the FBI had created a false smear, and this strengthened the claim that the FBI was responsible for dissemination of the story, since it was supposed to have been an invention of the Bureau. The documents and tape released by AIM at its August 22, 1980 press conference showed that the FBI did not invent the story about Seberg's baby's parentage. It concluded that Raymond Hewitt, then Minister of Education of the Black Panther Party, was the father on the basis of a telephone conversation which the FBI had intercepted and recorded. The conversation was between Seberg and Hewitt, and it indicated that Seberg considered Hewitt to have fathered her child.

It was also alleged in the media reports that publication of the story about Hewitt being the father of the baby by Newsweek magazine so upset Jean Seberg that she had a miscarriage, which resulted in the death of the premature baby. It was further alleged that this unhappy experience was responsible for Seberg's subsequent mental instability, which ultimately led to her suicide. Documents released by AIM at the August 22 press conference cast strong doubt on this. Transcripts of two conversations between Seberg and persons at Black Panther headquarters in California showed that Seberg had been in bad health and that her doctors had warned her that she might not be able to carry her baby to term. These transcripts indicated that Seberg's reaction to the publication of the Newsweek item about her baby did not cause her to react hysterically or in an unbalanced way. She advised her Black Panther friends to be sure to read the item because they would find it amusing. She also indicated that she planned to sue Newsweek and hoped to win a large judgment, some of which she would give to her Black Panther friends. The transcripts indicated that Seberg was far more worried about a book that was being written by a former lover, also a black, which she feared would damage her reputation and her image among her friends in the radical black movement.

All of these documents and the tape were made available to CBS News. NBC, ABC, The New York Times, The Washington Post, Associated Press and United Press International all carried reports which mentioned this evidence and cast doubt upon the accuracy of

the charges that had been reported by the media. CBS News refused to do so. Instead it produced the November 17, 1981 profile of Jean Seberg which repeated all the charges against the FBI and ignored all the evidence which exculpated the FBI.

In the CBS profile there were repeated references to the FBI's alleged responsibility for Seberg's fate, stemming from the alleged role the Bureau played in planting the allegedly false story about Seberg's baby in the press. Here are the references.

1. Mike Wallace opened the program saying, "A woman of beauty and pluck and compassion, Jean was victimized and eventually she was defeated by an FBI probe before she took her life."

2. Former Black Panther leader David Hilliard was shown saying, "When the FBI couldn't discredit us in any other way--they had already considered us terrorists, that we were all about killing whites and all their young babies and just totally without any virtue. Since that didn't go very well with our supporters, then certainly they reverted to the old taboo about sex between black women and white men, and since this woman was an actress with media popularity bigger than life, they scandalized and this was just another, as Bobby says, attempt out of their bag of dirty tricks."

3. Mike Wallace followed this saying, "Hilliard's words are more than just rhetoric ... believing that Jean was pregnant by Panther Raymond Hewitt, the FBI's Los Angeles office requested permission from Washington to plant an item which would publicize the pregnancy of Jean Seberg, cause her embarrassment, and serve to cheapen her image with the general public. Headquarters approved the plan but said it would be better to wait approximately two additional months until Seberg's pregnancy would be obvious to everyone. In the meantime, gossip columnist Joyce Haber of the Los Angeles Times had been fed the story and printed it. Haber called Seberg 'Miss A.' A few months later in August 1970, Newsweek carried the same story. It named Seberg, writing that Jean and French author Romain Gary, 56, are reportedly about to remarry even though the baby that Jean expects in October is by another man, a black activist that she met in California. Although its still unclear from whom Haber and Newsweek got the story, it is clear that without FBI involvement the story would almost certainly have not surfaced."

4. Former Black Panther Elaine Brown is shown saying, "What the FBI did was it put it out there for any takers, and there were takers, and that's what's significant."

5. A friend of Seberg's named Logan is shown saying, "Prominent magazines were putting out this unbelievable story, this incredible lie." Mike Wallace immediately said: "She must have thought, 'Where did they get this?'"

This exchange tends to strengthen the charge that the FBI was responsible in the minds of the viewers, since they are told that the story was an incredible lie and CBS had tried to establish that the FBI was the source of this story on the basis of its misinterpretation of the Seberg-Hewitt phone conversation. CBS does not point out that the story was neither incredible nor clearly a lie, since there was no obvious reason why the Seberg-Hewitt relationship could not have resulted in a pregnancy.

6. Finally, another exchange was aired between Mike Wallace and a friend of Seberg's in which Wallace asked what Seberg had told the friend about the dead baby, Nina. The friend replied, "It was because of the FBI," and so on. Wallace asked, "What did she say about the FBI?" The friend replied, "She said the FBI killed the baby."

While Wallace himself carefully refrained from making the direct charge that the FBI had planted the story, he himself pinned responsibility on the FBI indirectly at least, and two former Black Panthers and one friend of Seberg's were employed to make the charge directly. CBS made no effort to see that the FBI's side of this story was adequately told.

Although CBS knew that the FBI did not ever give the Los Angeles office of the Bureau approval to plant the story about Seberg's baby with the press, its account of the exchange between Washington and Los Angeles on this matter was incomplete and therefore misleading. The response FBI headquarters in Washington sent to the Los Angeles office on May 6, 1970 was an unambiguous order not to take the action proposed at that time. The instruction read:

To protect the sensitive source of information from possible compromise and to insure the success of your plan, Bureau feels it would be better to wait approximately two additional months until Seberg's pregnancy would be obvious to everyone. If deemed warranted, submit your recommendation at that time.

The Los Angeles office kept the idea on the back burner for two months, notifying Washington on June 10 and July 10 that it was still under consideration. On July 28, Los Angeles notified Washington that they were dropping the proposal.

J. Edgar Hoover had given instructions that actions such as the one Los Angeles had proposed were not to be undertaken without his personal approval or the approval of his aide, Clyde Tolson. There is no evidence in the Seberg FBI file that Hoover and Tolson were even informed of the proposed action against Seberg, much less that they approved it.

It is clear that there was no officially approved FBI effort to spread the story about Seberg's baby. CBS never made this fact clear, but it aired the charge of people such as Hilliard and Brown that gave the impression that the FBI did officially put out the story. Mike Wallace himself gave credence to Hilliard's charge, saying it was more than just rhetoric.

It may be that the information about Seberg's baby leaked from the Los Angeles office of the FBI, but there is also reason to doubt this. Washington had ordered that the action not be taken to protect the wiretap on Panther headquarters, and it seems unlikely that the well disciplined agents of the FBI would have deliberately disregarded such an instruction. In any case, the assumption that there was an unapproved leak is nothing more than speculation. Speculation does not seem an adequate basis for Wallace's statement that "without FBI involvement the story almost certainly would not have surfaced."

The fact is that Seberg's pregnancy was known to many people, and her affair with Raymond Hewitt was known to many people. The intervention of the FBI was not at all necessary for those who know of the pregnancy and of the Hewitt affair to conclude that Hewitt was the father. As John J. O'Connor said in The Times, "One thing is certain: it couldn't have been very difficult for anyone to plant rumors about Miss Seberg. She doesn't seem to have been overly discreet."

It seems clear that CBS sought to convey the impression that the FBI must have been the source of the story about Seberg's baby because the story was without foundation and therefore could not have come from any other source.

The CBS staff had the tape of the conversation between Seberg and Hewitt that led the FBI to conclude that Seberg considered Hewitt to be the father of the child. They aired a small portion of that tape on the air. The tape had been edited by CBS to make it conform to the charge that the FBI had misinterpreted the tape. This editing was obviously deliberate. Had the words omitted been included, CBS could not have so facilely have made the case that the FBI had misinterpreted the conversation.

Here is the relevant portion of the conversation. The important words that CBS omitted are underlined.

Hewitt: That was a slick decision. It took you a while though.

Seberg: What was that?

Hewitt: That four-month decision.

Seberg: Oh, yeah, well I ran into a thing that scared me legally about my other son. I was afraid I was going to lose custody, you know, if my former husband got wind of it and he got upset about it. And I talked to him about it, and he was really very civilized and very nice about it. So I guess it's really good. So, (laughs) everybody you know sooner or later, I guess, is going to have a big tummy.

Hewitt: (Laughs) Oh well, I'm going to try not to have anything to do with it.

Seberg: (Laughs) Listen, I'm afraid of you. You're a liar.

Hewitt: I really didn't know.

Seberg: But I'm really happy. That's the best kind of surprise you could have. That's terrific.

Hewitt: (Laughs)

Seberg: She told you what I called you, didn't she?

Hewitt: Yeah, but I can't remember.

Seberg: Johnny Appleseed?

Hewitt: Oh, no, she didn't tell me that.

Seberg: Planting your little seeds around?

The sentences that CBS edited out of this conversation made nonsense of the explanation of the conversation that CBS presented through the words of former Panther Elaine Brown. Brown said that Seberg was referring to the pregnancies of Elaine Brown and Shirley Hewitt in talking about everyone Hewitt knew ending up with a big tummy. That clearly is not true, since the statement immediately followed with Seberg's discussion of her own pregnancy. It was followed by Hewitt's statement that he was going to try not to have anything to do with it (Seberg's pregnancy). Whereupon Seberg said that he was a liar, words that CBS edited out. Seberg was clearly

telling Hewitt that he did have something to do with her pregnancy, and the fact CBS found it necessary to edit the tape as it did reveals they recognized that fact and decided to alter the evidence to fit the story they wanted to tell. The editing of the Seberg-Hewitt tape was dishonest and resulted in a distortion that was unfair to the FBI and to the viewing audience.

The tape does not prove that Hewitt was the father of Seberg's child. It merely shows that this was what Seberg was telling Hewitt. Given Seberg's promiscuity, she may not have known herself who the father was. CBS asserts with great confidence that the father was Carlos Navarra, the young Mexican with whom Seberg had sexual relations during the period in which the child was conceived. It is assumed that since she was working in Mexico, she had no contact with Hewitt during that period.

What CBS overlooked was that Seberg may have met Hewitt during her trip back to the U.S. at Christmas in 1969. She went to Marshalltown, Iowa, but there is nothing in the record that would indicate that she did not stop off in Los Angeles to see her good friend, Raymond Hewitt. The taped conversation would seem to indicate that there was a reunion at that time. Seberg told Hewitt she was in about her fourth month, which would have placed conception around the end of December. It should also be noted that another intercepted phone conversation indicated that Seberg might have returned to Los Angeles in late February. She could have conceivably made other quick trips that were not recorded.

Contrary to what Mr. Logan said on the profile, there was nothing inherently incredible about the story that Hewitt was the father. If he was not, it was not for lack of opportunity. That was known to many people, and that is why the assumption that the story would have surfaced in the absence of the involvement of the FBI is itself incredible.

It is clear that there is no proof that the FBI was in any way responsible for the story about Seberg's child appearing in the press. But even if it were, there is solid evidence to show that those stories were not responsible for the premature birth and death of the baby. Nor is it at all clear that the death of the baby was responsible for Jean Seberg's erratic behavior and eventual suicide. CBS failed to mention any of this evidence, preferring to work the theme that the whole tragedy was the fault of the FBI.

Mike Wallace ended up saying: "At bottom, the death of the baby seems to have been the event that drove her to despair. Her second husband, Romain Gary, who was himself to commit suicide in late 1980, said publicly that every year on the anniversary of her baby's death, Jean would try to take her own life."

The truth is that Seberg was mentally unstable and was having serious difficulty carrying the baby prior to the publication of the story about the baby in Newsweek. David Richards in his biography of Seberg, Played Out, says of her in this period: "Actually her life was seriously splintered, and the pieces didn't seem to fit. Jean was relying on liquor and tranquilizers to maintain her apparent composure and quell the tensions...Her unsettled mental state was making a difficult pregnancy even more difficult. Diego had been delivered by Caesarean, and her doctors repeatedly told her that she would need all her strength for a similar operation. If she could make it successfully through the seventh month - mid-August - the child would stand a decent chance of surviving, but tranquility was mandatory. She tried to relax in Majorca, but slowly sank into despondency instead. The reconciliation with Romain, she realized,

was a reconciliation in name only, a legal nicety to protect her unborn child and Gary's reputation as a member of the French establishment....Late in the evening of August 7, Jean swallowed an overdose of sleeping pills, slipped out of the villa and headed in a daze for the beach. At the water's edge, she slumped on the sand, unconscious Jean was rushed in an ambulance to the Janeda Clinic in Palma, and doctors hastily pumped out her stomach, barely saving her."

In the phone conversation with her Black Panther friends that the FBI taped on August 19, 1970, Seberg said that the doctors had told her that she would probably give birth prematurely and that it could be at any time. She said: "If it's before the 27th of this month, it'll die."

Mike Wallace said nothing of any of this evidence of Seberg's unsettled emotional state and bad physical condition prior to the publication of the Newsweek story. In his account, all her troubles were blamed on Newsweek and the FBI. He said, "Just hours after reading that Newsweek item, Gary said later, Seberg began having severe contractions. She was rushed to a Geneva clinic and gave birth to a premature infant."

Wallace did not mention that after reading the Newsweek item, Seberg placed a call to her Black Panther friends in the U.S., telling them to go out and get a copy of that issue of Newsweek, saying, "cause you'll get a big kick out of it." Seberg was anything but hysterical at this time. She was more interested in discussing the prospect of suing Newsweek and collecting a large sum of money than anything else. She was also deeply worried about a book that her former lover, Hakim Jamal, was said to be publishing. She was afraid he was going to say things about her that would injure her position with the black movement. According to David Richards' account, her concerns in the hours before the birth of the baby were more about the Black Panthers than about Newsweek. He says, "In her feverish and depressed state, it appears she became convinced that her bodyguard was a traitor, part of the nebulous conspiracy aimed at eliminating Huey Newton (a Black Panther leader) if he ever set foot on European soil. Jean would tell people how the bodyguard amused himself by running a switchblade lightly over her stomach until she had to beg him to stop. Then, minutes later, he would start the torture all over again. Gripped by a fear of betrayal, she began to think that there was a plan afoot to link her with Angela Davis, who, only weeks before, had been placed on the FBI's most-wanted list for allegedly smuggling guns into a California courtroom."

Alluding to her failed suicide attempt on August 7, Richards said, "Although she and Gary had a public scapegoat in Newsweek, Jean would wonder until the end of her life just what role the sleeping pills had played in her child's death." A French court rejected the claim that Newsweek had been responsible for the premature birth and death.

Rather than inform its viewers of all this evidence, CBS chose to repeat Romain Gary's dramatic charge that the death of the baby so upset Seberg that she tried to commit suicide every year on the anniversary of the death. Richards, her biographer, provides no evidence that would substantiate such a claim. Rather than simply repeat Gary's wild statements, CBS might better have pointed out that his credibility was badly damaged by the statements he made after Seberg's death. For one thing, he strongly claimed that he was the father of the child. That was manifestly untrue.

In summary, the November 17, 1981 profile of Jean Seberg adds up to a collection of damning accusations against the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It ignored the evidence that would have shown the FBI was not responsible for the publication of the

stories in the press about Seberg and ignored the evidence that shows those stories did not have the dire consequences CBS attributed to them.

CBS obviously aired only one side of the controversial story. All that CBS aired on this subject prior to the profile has also ignored the evidence exculpating the FBI.

The one-sidedness of the CBS profile of Seberg was noted by John J. O'Connor, television critic of the New York Times, in his review of the program. After noting the evidence that Accuracy In Media had provided to CBS News and others in the media on this case, O'Connor said that CBS producer Harry Moses told him he was aware of this evidence, but "he concluded that the stories about FBI involvement were true." O'Connor comments: "Fair enough, but in failing even to mention the existence of other theories--which have never been conclusively refuted--the program itself becomes questionable. Without an acceptance and endorsement of the reputed FBI role, the likelihood is that there would be no Jean Seberg profile." (N.Y. Times, November 15, 1981)

Accuracy In Media has written to CBS asking that the other side of the Seberg-FBI story be told by CBS. A copy of this letter is attached.

Mr. Bill Leonard, president of CBS News, replied by letter dated December 9, 1981. Mr. Leonard's reply responds lamely to some of our specific criticisms of the CBS profile of Seberg. Mr. Leonard does not address the issue of the omission of all the contrary evidence. He does not claim that this has been aired by CBS in any other program. He gives no indication that the other side of the story will ever be told by CBS.

We believe that CBS is in flagrant violation of the Fairness Doctrine and its treatment of the FBI and Jean Seberg. We request that the Commission order CBS to tell the other side of this controversial issue.

Sincerely yours,



Reed Irvine
Chairman

cc: Mr. William S. Paley
Mr. Thomas H. Wyman
Mr. William Leonard
Hon. William Webster
Hon. Mark Fowler
Mr. John J. O'Connor

140

1 2

3/6/84

UNCLAS E F T O

PRIORITY

9/10
#F140TTP MM NYD3*E HQ H0140 #H4YEIP 062005Z F*MAR 84
FM DIRECTOR FBI
TO FBI MIAMI PRIORITY
FBI NEW YORK PRIORITY
BT

UNCLAS E F T O

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL {UPI}; RELEASE ENTITLED "CANADIAN
MOBSTERS REPORTED COMPETING IN FLORIDA" DATED 2/26/84.

FOR INFORMATION OF RECEIVING OFFICES CAPTIONED NEWS
RELEASE REPORTED THE INCREASED INFLUENCE OF CANADIAN ORGANIZED
CRIME IN FLORIDA. THE RELEASE POINTS TO THE POTENTIAL FOR CON-
FLICTS BETWEEN THE CANADIANS AND TRADITIONAL AMERICAN ORGANIZED
CRIME GROUPS OVER "TURF" IF CASINO GAMBLING IS LEGALIZED IN
MIAMI BEACH.

UPI REPORTS THAT NEWSWEEK MAGAZINE'S 2/27/84 ISSUE SETS
FORTH THE FACT THAT UNIDENTIFIED INVESTIGATORS HAVE TOLD NEWS-
WEEK THAT THE GAMBINO LCN FAMILY HAS SENT MORE THAN 100 "STRONG-
ARM SPECIALISTS "TO FLORIDA TO WARN OFF THE CANADIANS.

054/97

RM:MH
mm

3/6/84 3036/6

[Redacted]

1-MR.
1-MR.
1-MR.
1-MR.
1-MR.
1-MR.
1-MR.

[Redacted]

21-1-75-707

31984

141924

1-ENCL

b6

b6
b7C

2

PAGE TWO DE HQ 0140 UNCLAS E F T O

BRUCE NILL, APPARENTLY AN AGENT WITH THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF LAW ENFORCEMENT, IS QUOTED BY UPI AS HAVING TOLD NEWSWEEK THAT WHEN TWO MEN BELIEVED TO BE FRONTING FOR "MONTREAL'S COTRONI FAMILY" OFFERED TO BUY ONE FLORIDA HOTEL, TWO REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GAMBINO FAMILY PAID THEM A VISIT. ACCORDING TO NILL, THE CANADIANS ULTIMATELY BACKED OUT OF THE PROPOSED PURCHASE.

MIAMI, AT MIAMI, FLORIDA, IS REQUESTED TO PROVIDE FBIHQ WITH AN ASSESSMENT OF THE CURRENT INFLUENCE OF CANADIAN ORGANIZED CRIME IN THE MIAMI DIVISION. WHAT IS THE CURRENT STATUS OF THE PROPOSED STATE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT, WHICH IF PASSED, WILL LEGALIZE CASINO GAMBLING IN MIAMI BEACH?

NEW YORK, AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK, IS REQUESTED TO ADVISE FBIHQ OF ANY INFORMATION WHICH WOULD INDICATE THAT THE GAMBINO LCN HAS INITIATED EFFORTS TO COUNTER THE REPORTED INFLUENCE OF CANADIAN ORGANIZED CRIME IN FLORIDA.

SUTEL RESULTS TO FBIHQ, ATTENTION ORGANIZED CRIME SECTION/CID.

BT

1

ONE STORY -

1-86-84 09:23 PESF

b6
b7C

CANADIAN MOBSTERS REPORTED COMPETING IN FLORIDA
NEW YORK (UPI) - CANADIAN CRIME FAMILIES ARE EXPANDING THEIR MIAMI
OPERATIONS AND MAY BE HEADED FOR A SHOWDOWN WITH THEIR AMERICAN
COUNTERPARTS IF LEGALIZED CASINO GAMBLING IS APPROVED, NEWSWEEK MAGAZINE
REPORTS IN MONDAY'S EDITION.

THE INFLOW OF CANADIAN CRIMINALS TO FLORIDA IS CROWDING THE AGENDA
OF THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF LAW ENFORCEMENT AND FEDERAL AGENCIES, THE
MAGAZINE SAYS.

FEDERAL AUTHORITIES ARE ATTEMPTING TO BRING THE CANADIAN CRIME
FAMILIES UNDER CONTROL BEFORE AMERICAN MOBSTERS TAKE ON THE JOB
THEMSELVES, THE NEW YORK-BASED MAGAZINE SAID IN A DISPATCH FROM MIAMI.

THE MAGAZINE STORY FOLLOWS UP AN ARTICLE BY THE MIAMI HERALD LAST
WEEK WHICH SAID POSSIBLE ORGANIZED CRIME INVOLVEMENT IN THE LEGALIZED
GAMBLING BROUGHT ON A STATE INVESTIGATION OF A REAL ESTATE FIRM
WHICH WAS ACQUIRING PROPERTY IN THE SUNNY ISLES AREA OF MIAMI.

THE INVESTIGATION IS TRYING TO PREVENT NOVEMBER'S BALLOT A
MEASUREMENT OF AN AMENDMENT THAT WOULD ALLOW CASINO GAMBLING IN MIAMI
AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A STATE LOTTERY.

THE INVESTIGATION HAS TRADITIONALLY HAVE TREATED MIAMI AS AN "OPEN"
AREA FROM TURF WARFARE, NEWSWEEK SAID, BUT
THE MAGAZINE THERE IS EVIDENCE THAT NEW YORK
SENT MORE THAN 100 STRONG-ARM SPECIALISTS TO FLORIDA
TO DEAL WITH THE CANADIANS.

THE INVESTIGATION BELIEVED TO BE FRONTING FOR MONTREAL'S COTRONI FAMILY
WHICH OWNED THE HOTEL; TWO MEN FROM THE GAMBINO FAMILY PAID THEM A
VISIT IN THE HOTEL, A FLORIDA AGENT.

THE INVESTIGATION SAID "IF YOU BUY THIS HOTEL, WE WILL BUY IT FROM YOUR
HANDS, CANADIANS BACKED OUT OF THE DEAL," NILL SAID.

THE INVESTIGATION SAID CANADIAN CRIMINALS COME TO FLORIDA EACH YEAR, EASILY
OBTAINING MILLION CANADIAN TOURISTS WHO VISIT THE SUNSHINE
STATE. THE MOUNTIES NOW ASSIGN A FULL-TIME INVESTIGATOR TO
THE STATE AND FALSE DOCUMENTS THAT SERVE AS TOOLS OF THE
CRIME ARE READILY AVAILABLE, NEWSWEEK SAID.

THE INVESTIGATION ALWAYS BEEN KNOWN AS A REST AND RELAXATION PLACE FOR
CRIME. "THE CANADIAN GANGS STARTED BUYING BARS AND
HOTELS IN ALLEGED ALIENS, LOAN SHARKING, SMUGGLING
STOLEN CARS AND COMMODITIES, RUNNING GUNS,
TORTURING FROM OTHER CANADIANS - YOU NAME IT.

THE INVESTIGATION MOVED STARTED TO WORRY.
DUANE J. LANE TOLD NEWSWEEK, "THE
TO INCREASE THEIR VIOLENCE. THE CANADIANS HAVE

for an
assessment
of influence
of Canadians
in Miami
territory

Ref No. 1

94-8-95-707

ENCLOSURE

NY0900 0680135

PP HQ MM

DE NY 022

P 0082220 MAR 84

RECEIVED
TELETYPE UNIT

9 MAR 84 02 20Z

FEDERAL BUREAU
OF INVESTIGATION

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Director's Sec'y	

200/04

FM NEW YORK

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (PRIORITY)

MIAMI (PRIORITY)

BT

UNCLAS

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL (UPI); RELEASE ENTITLED ~~X~~ CANADIAN
MOBSTERS REPORTED COMPETING IN FLORIDA" DATED FEBRUARY 26,
1984. *V-91* *DE-211* *94-815-708*

THE NYO HAS NO INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION WHICH WOULD
INDICATE THAT THE GAMBINO LCN HAS INITIATED EFFORTS TO
COUNTER THE REPORTED INFLUENCE OF CANADIAN ORGANIZED CRIME
IN FLORIDA.

BT

[Handwritten signature]

100

MAR 15 1984

b6
b7C

M 0004 0831910Z

PH HQ NY

DE MM

P 231910Z MAR 84

FM MIAMI (92A-5124) (OC-1)

TO DIRECTOR PRIORITY

NEW YORK PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL (UPI) RELEASE ENTITLED, "CANADIAN
MOBSTERS REPORTED COMPETING IN FLORIDA", DATED FEBRUARY 26,
1984.

RE BUREAU TELETYPE TO MIAMI AND NEW YORK, DATED MARCH 6,
1984, NEW YORK TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU, DATED MARCH 8, 1984, AND
MIAMI TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU, DATED MARCH 12, 1984.

MIAMI INTERVIEWED [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] UPON HIS RETURN FROM LEAVE AS WELL AS

U.S. CUSTOMS AGENT [REDACTED]

IN REFERENCE TO "100 MUSCLE MEN" BEING SENT TO MIAMI BY

V-45

94-8-95-

DE-035

16 AUG 14 1984

b6
b7C

PAGE TWO MM 92A-5124 UNCLAS

GAMBINO PEOPLE FROM NEW YORK:

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b6
b7C

[REDACTED]

b6
b7C
b7D

MM0017 072 2130Z

PP HQ NY

DE MM

P 12 2130Z MAR 84

FM MIAMI (92A-5124) (OC-1) (P)

TO DIRECTOR PRIORITY

(ATTENTION: OC SECTION/CID)

NEW YORK PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS E F T O

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL (UPI); RELEASE ENTITLED "CANADIAN
MOBSTERS REPORTED COMPETING IN FLORIDA", DATED FEBRUARY 26, 1984.

RE BUREAU TELETYPE TO MIAMI AND NEW YORK, MARCH 6, 1984.

THE MIAMI LCN SQUAD (OC-1) HAS ONLY RECENTLY BEGUN AN
INTELLIGENCE GATHERING PROGRAM TO PROACTIVELY COVER CANADIAN
ORGANIZED CRIME ACTIVITIES IN SOUTH FLORIDA. AS FBIHQ IS AWARE,
NUMEROUS ARTICLES, INCLUDING UPI'S, HAVE APPEARED IN MIAMI AND
NEW YORK NEWSPAPERS SINCE JANUARY 27, 1984, AND, MOST RECENTLY,
IN THE MARCH 5, 1984, EDITION OF "NEWSWEEK" MAGAZINE, PLAYING UP
THE CRIMINAL INFLUENCE OF CANADIAN MOB MEMBERS IN THE HOLLYWOOD
MIAMI, FLORIDA, AREA. THIS MEDIA ATTENTION, COUPLED WITH SOME

Exec. AD-Adm.	
Exec. AD-Inv.	
Exec. AD-LES	
Asst. Dir.:	
Adm. Servs.	
Crim. Inv.	✓
Ident.	
Inspection	
Intell.	
Laboratory	
Legal Coun.	
Rec. Mgmt.	
Tech. Servs.	
Training	
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.	
Telephone Rm.	
Director's Sec'y	

b6
b7C

4 OCT 11 1984

66DEC6 1984

Pls. see me

PAGE THREE MM (92A-5124) UNCLAS E F T O

b7C
b7D

FOLLOWING THE "TIMES" ARTICLE, SEVERAL OTHER INVESTIGATIVE JOURNALISTS HAVE "JUMPED ON THE BANDWAGON" ATTEMPTING TO EXPAND ON RAAB'S INITIAL ACCOUNT, WHICH DREW FROM NILL'S TESTIMONY AND INTERVIEWS OF NILL AND IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS INVESTIGATIONS.

b6
b7C
b7D

b6
b7C

PAGE SIX MM (92A-5124) UNCLAS E F T O

ADVISE THE BUREAU AND NEW YORK OF THE RESULTS OF INTERVIEW OF [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] FDLE.

BT

United Press International

1400 EYE STREET NW
WASHINGTON DC 20005

Dec. 21, 1984

Dear Judge Webster,

OUTSIDE SOURCE

UPI would like to extend an invitation for you to join us at the annual Congressional Dinner sponsored by the Washington Press Club on Jan. 30, 1985.

We'd be honored to have you, and I would especially appreciate it personally since, as you know, I will be leaving the Justice Department beat next month and moving to the Hill.

Let me know if you can. I'm reachable at [redacted]
Hope the ski slopes were good in Colorado and that you had a happy holiday.

Regards,

Judi Hasson
Judi Hasson

Exec. AD-Adm. _____
Exec. AD-Inv. _____
Exec. AD-LES _____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Servs. _____
Crim. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Inspection _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Legal Coun. _____
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs. _____
Rec. Mgnt. _____
Tech. Servs. _____
Training _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director's Sec'y _____

b6

94-8-95-711

17 APR 10 1985

369
JUN 29 1985

WMB

ack 11/2/85

Copy made for Tele. Rm.

12/27/84

January 2, 1985

OUTSIDE SOURCE

Ms. Judi Hanson
United Press International
1400 Eye Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20005

Dear Judi:

Thanks for your invitation to join you at the Congressional Dinner on January 30th. Unfortunately, I had accepted another invitation to a different function the day before your letter arrived. I'm particularly sorry since it might have been the last opportunity I would have to join you before you move on to the Hill. We'll miss you.

The ski slopes were great. We did Cooper, Copper, Vail, Keystone and Breckenridge. Now I have to learn how to use my tennis muscles again.

All the best in the new year and thanks for thinking of me.

Sincerely,

William H. Webster
Director

DE-59 94-8-95-

- 1 - Telephone Room
- 1 - Miss Devine

WHW:mfd

Exec AD Inv. _____
Exec AD Adm. _____
Exec AD LES _____
Asst. Dir.: _____
Adm. Servs. _____
Crim. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Legal Coun. _____
Plan. & Insp. _____
Rec. Mgnt. _____
Tech. Servs. _____
Training _____
Public Affs. Off. _____
Telephone Rm. _____

MAIL ROOM ☐
985

V-87

9 dec 11
11/2/85
mfd

7/2

THE HONOLULU ADVERTISER
SECTION B • SATURDAY, JULY 14, 1962

2d Sky Shot Is Expected Wednesday

The U.S. is expected to announce plans tomorrow to detonate a second missile-borne nuclear warhead high over Johnston Island Wednesday night.

United Press International reported having monitored a Joint Task Force 8 broadcast from Johnston to that effect.

JTF8 announces its Johnston tests four days in advance in notices to mariners and airmen.

Isles' Radiation

139-4-1

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JUL 23 1962	
FBI - HONOLULU	

Crane *PCC*

July 13, 1962

HONOLULU---AMERICAS NEXT AND POSSIBLY LAST IN THE CURRENT SERIES OF NUCLEAR TESTS IN THE PACIFIC PROBABLY WILL BE CONDUCTED AT HIGH ALTITUDE OVER JOHNSTON ISLAND NEXT WEDNESDAY NIGHT, IT WAS INDICATED TODAY.

IF THE TEST WAS TO COME ON WEDNESDAY, JOINT TASK FORCE EIGHT OFFICIALS CONDUCTION OPERATION DOMINIC SHOULD ISSUE THE PROMISED FOUR-DAY PRIOR PUBLIC NOTICE TOMORROW, IT WOULD COME JUST TEN DAYS AFTER THE FIRST SUCCESSFUL FIRING OF A ROCKET BORNE-NUCLEAR DEVICE OVER JOHNSTON ISLAND. THIS WAS CONSIDERED THE MINIMUM LENGTH OF TIME NECESSARY TO READY THE LAUNCHING SITE BETWEEN FIRINGS.

MONITORED SHORT WAVE VOICE BROADCASTS BETWEEN JOHNSTON ISLAND AND HONOLULU HEADQUARTERS OF JTF-8 SPOKE TODAY OF PREPARATIONS TO CONDUCT PRELIMINARY TESTING AT THE TEST SITE, 800 MILES SOUTHWEST OF HONOLULU, BETWEEN SUNDAY AND TUESDAY.

WEATHER PERMITTING, RIGHT AFTER THAT WE WILL GO, "THE UNIDENTIFIED VOICE ON THE JOHNSTON ISLAND ISLAND-HONOLULU RADIO CIRCUIT SAID.

THE TASK FORCE HEADQUARTERS YESTERDAY ANNOUNCED THE CHRISTMAS ISLAND PHASE OF THE 1962 NUCLEAR TESTS IN THE PACIFIC HAD ENDED TUESDAY WHEN THE 26th DEVICE WAS DETONATED THERE.

TWENTY-FOUR OF THEM HAD BEEN DROPPED FROM AIRPLANES WHILE THE OTHERS HAD BEEN FIRED FROM UNDERWATER AND ONE INCLUDED A POLARIS SUBMARINE FIRING.

AT JOHNSTON ISLAND LAST SUNDAY'S MEGATON-SIZED THERMONUCLEAR EXPLOSION AT HEIGHTS ESTIMATED AT ANYWHERE FROM 200 TO 400 MILES HIGH LIGHTED HAWAIIAN SKIES LIKE DAYLIGHT FOR SEVERAL SECONDS. THEN THE DISPLAY SETTLED DOWN TO A SUNSET-LIKE SPECTACLE FOR SEVERAL MORE MINUTES. THAT ONE BENT THE EARTHS MAGNETIC FIELD, THROWING THE COMPASS OFF BALANCE FOR ABOUT A HALF HOUR AS FAR AS 6,000 MILES AWAY. HOWEVER, IT CAUSED A COMMUNICATION BLACKOUT OF ONLY A FEW MINUTES, FAR LESS SEVERE THAN HAD BEEN ANTICIPATED.

PREVIOUSLY, TWO OTHER HIGH ALTITUDE JOHNSTON ISLAND NUCLEAR DETONATION ATTEMPTS HAD BEEN ABORTED WHEN TECHNICAL FAULTS DEVELOPED AFTER THE THOR ROCKETS HAD BEEN LAUNCHED. IN EACH CASE THE ROCKET AND THE NUCLEAR WARHEAD WERE DESTROYED IN FLIGHT WITHOUT SERIOUS DAMAGE OR INJURY TO INSTALLATIONS OR PERSONNEL IN THE AREA.

TEST OFFICIALS ALSO PROMISED THAT NO NUCLEAR CONTAMINATION WOULD RESULT ANYWHERE FROM THE DESTROYED MISSILES.

GNS7:13

139-4-2

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JUL 23 1962	
FBI - HONOLULU	

Crane *Pce*



HEADQUARTERS
JOINT TASK FORCE EIGHT
REPRESENTATIVE

Navy No. 128, Fleet Post Office
San Francisco, California

17 July 1962

Federal Communications Commission
ATTN: Mr. FENNER
P.O. Box 1021
Honolulu, Hawaii

Dear Mr. Fenner,

On 16 July I inquired by telephone if the United Press International (UPI) was in violation of the law in monitoring Joint Task Force EIGHT radio telephone circuits between Johnston Island and Hawaii and publishing alleged conversations. You advised me that this was a violation of Section 605 of the Communications Act and asked if I might provide you with factual information.

Enclosed is a UPI wire service release which was received by Commander in Chief, U.S. Pacific Fleet on his leased line. Also is enclosed a clipping from the HONOLULU ADVERTISER, page B-1, Saturday, July 14, 1962. You will note that both mention UPI monitoring of Joint Task Force 8 circuits from Johnston Island. As I mentioned on 16 July, I heard the UPI wire service item broadcast on a Honolulu radio station Friday evening. I regret I am unable to identify the station.

If your investigation should determine that UPI is in fact monitoring JTF-8 radio telephone circuits in violation of the law and you should decide to admonish the offender I would appreciate it if you would not identify Joint Task Force EIGHT in anyway as the complainant. Such identification might seriously damage JTF-8 press relations which are already strained.

Sincerely yours,

David Nash

DAVID NASH
Captain, U.S. Navy

HONOLULU, HAWAII

139-4-3

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JUL 23 1962	
FBI - HONOLULU	

Cume *Poc*

COMM. DIV.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

FIELD ENGINEERING AND MONITORING BUREAU
FIELD OPERATING DIVISION

July 18, 1962

ADDRESS REPLY TO:

P. O. Box 1021
Honolulu, Hawaii

Mr. Gordon J. Shanklin
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Dillingham Building
Honolulu, Hawaii

~~Q~~ UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL
UPUC

Dear Sir:

Forwarded herewith is a letter dated July 17, 1962, from Captain David Nash, U. S. Navy in which violation is alleged of Section 605 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, copy of UPI wire service release dated July 13, 1962, and copy of an item from the Honolulu Advertiser of Saturday July 14, 1962.

Our instructions are to refer such matters to your agency. We offer any technical assistance as may be within our capabilities.

PRF/mrh
Encl.

Very truly yours,



Paul R. Fenner
Engineer in Charge

139-4-4
SEARCHED *PRF* INDEXED *PRF*
SERIALIZED *PRF* FILED *PRF*
JUL 23 1962
FBI - HONOLULU
CR *PRF*

F B I

Date: 7/23/62

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via RADIOGRAM DEFERRED
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, HONOLULU (139-4)

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL, UNAUTHORIZED PUBLICATION OR USE
OF COMMUNICATIONS.

BY LETTER DATED JULY EIGHTEEN LAST PAUL R. FENNER,
ENGINEER IN CHARGE, FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
HONOLULU, HAWAII, ADVISED THAT HE HAD RECEIVED A INQUIRY
FROM CAPTAIN DAVID NASH, U. S. NAVY, INQUIRING AS TO WHETHER
MONITORING OF COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN JOINT TASK FORCE EIGHT,
JOHNSTON ISLAND, AND ITS HEADQUARTERS ON OAHU, HAWAII, AND
SUBSEQUENT PUBLICATION OF INFORMATION OBTAINED THEREIN WAS
NOT A VIOLATION OF SECTION SIX ZERO FIVE OF THE COMMUNICATIONS
ACT OF NINETEEN THIRTY FOUR AS AMENDED. BASED UPON HIS
INSTRUCTIONS IN MATTERS OF THIS TYPE, MR. FENNER WAS REFERRING
THE FACTS IN THIS INSTANCE TO THIS OFFICE.

CAPTAIN NASH HAD FORWARDED A UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL
WIRE SERVICE RELEASE DATED JULY THIRTEEN LAST STATING IN
PART, "MONITORED SHORT WAVE VOICE BROADCASTS BETWEEN JOHNSTON
ISLAND AND HONOLULU HEADQUARTERS OF JTF EIGHT SPOKE TODAY OF
PREPARATIONS TO CONDUCT PRELIMINARY TESTING AT THE TEST SITE,

① - Honolulu
RCC:vap

(1)

Searched.....

Serialized.....

Indexed.....

Filed.....

Approved: *[Signature]*Sent *745 PM*Per *[Signature]*

Special Agent in Charge

139-4-5

F B I

Date:

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

PAGE TWO

HN 139-4

EIGHT HUNDRED MILES SOUTHWEST OF HONOLULU, BETWEEN SUNDAY AND TUESDAY."

ALSO FORWARDED BY CAPTAIN NASH WAS A PHOTOSTAT OF AN ARTICLE APPEARING IN THE "HONOLULU ADVERTISER" DAILY NEWSPAPER JULY FOURTEEN LAST STATING THAT THE UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL HAD REPORTED MONITORING A JOINT TASK FORCE EIGHT BROADCAST FROM JOHNSTON ISLAND TO THE EFFECT THAT THE UNITED STATES WAS TO ANNOUNCE FUTURE PLANS FOR DETONATION OF A SECOND MISSILE-BORNE NUCLEAR WARHEAD.

REPORT BEING PREPARED AND WILL BE IMMEDIATELY FORWARDED TO THE BUREAU. IN ACCORDANCE WITH INSTRUCTIONS, NO INVESTIGATION BEING CONDUCTED.

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE HONOLULU	OFFICE OF ORIGIN HONOLULU	DATE 7/24/62	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 7/23/62
TITLE OF CASE UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL		REPORT MADE BY SA RICHARD C. CRANE	TYPED BY vap
		CHARACTER OF CASE UNAUTHORIZED PUBLICATION OR USE OF COMMUNICATIONS	

REFERENCE

Honolulu radiogram to the Bureau 7/23/62.

- P *[Signature]*ADMINISTRATIVE

Two extra copies of instant report have been designated for Honolulu in the event the Bureau directs that this matter be referred to the U. S. Attorney.

In accordance with Bureau instructions in the handling of this type of complaint, no investigation is being conducted by the Honolulu Division and this office is awaiting instructions of the Bureau as to any further investigation.

APPROVED <i>[Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW			
COPIES MADE: 2 - Bureau 4 - Honolulu (139-4)		139	4	6	
		Searched.....			
		Serialized.....			
		Indexed.....			
		Filed.....			
DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT		NOTATIONS			
AGENCY.....					
REQUEST RECD.....					
DATE FWD.....					
HOW FWD.....					
BY.....					

HN 139-4

LEADS

HONOLULU:

AT HONOLULU, HAWAII

Will follow this matter with the Bureau.

B*

COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA RICHARD C. CRANE Office: Honolulu
Date: 7/24/62
Field Office File No.: IN 139-4 Bureau File No.:
Title: UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL

Character: UNAUTHORIZED PUBLICATION OR USE
OF COMMUNICATIONS

Synopsis:

United Press International, Honolulu, Hawaii, identified in two press releases as having monitored a broadcast of Joint Task Force 8 from Johnston Island to Honolulu headquarters and published information obtained therefrom.

- P -

DETAILS:

By letter dated July 17, 1962, DAVID NASH, Captain, U. S. Navy, Headquarters, Joint Task Force 8 (JTF8), inquired of Mr. PAUL FENNER, Federal Communications Commission, as to whether the United Press International (UPI) was in violation of the law in monitoring JTF8 radio-telephone circuits between Johnston Island and Hawaii and publishing alleged conversations. A UPI wire service release dated July 13, 1962, which was received by the Commander in Chief, U. S. Pacific Fleet, was enclosed by Captain NASH. This release read as follows:

"HONOLULU---AMERICAS NEXT AND POSSIBLY LAST IN THE CURRENT SERIES OF NUCLEAR TESTS IN THE PACIFIC PROBABLY WILL BE CONDUCTED AT HIGH ALTITUDE OVER JOHNSTON ISLAND NEXT WEDNESDAY NIGHT, IT WAS INDICATED TODAY.

"IF THE TEST WAS TO COME ON WEDNESDAY, JOINT TASK FORCE EIGHT OFFICIALS CONDUCTION OPERATION DOMINIC SHOULD ISSUE THE PROMISED FOUR-DAY PRIOR PUBLIC NOTICE. TOMORROW, IT WOULD COME JUST TEN DAYS AFTER THE FIRST SUCCESSFUL FIRING OF A ROCKET BORNE-NUCLEAR DEVICE OVER JOHNSTON ISLAND. THIS WAS CONSIDERED THE MINIMUM LENGTH OF TIME NECESSARY TO READY THE LAUNCHING SITE BETWEEN FIRINGS.

"MONITORED SHORT WAVE VOICE BROADCASTS BETWEEN JOHNSTON ISLAND AND HONOLULU HEADQUARTERS OF JTF-8 SPOKE TODAY OF PREPARATIONS TO CONDUCT PRELIMINARY TESTING AT THE TEST SITE, 800 MILES SOUTHWEST OF HONOLULU, BETWEEN SUNDAY AND TUESDAY.

"WEATHER PERMITTING, RIGHT AFTER THAT WE WILL GO, 'THE UNIDENTIFIED VOICE ON THE JOHNSTON ISLAND ISLAND-HONOLULU RADIO CIRCUIT SAID.

"THE TASK FORCE HEADQUARTERS YESTERDAY ANNOUNCED THE CHRISTMAS ISLAND PHASE OF THE 1962 NUCLEAR TESTS IN THE PACIFIC HAD ENDED TUESDAY WHEN THE 26th DEVICE WAS DETONATED THERE.

TWENTY-FOUR OF THEM HAD BEEN DROPPED FROM AIRPLANES WHILE THE OTHERS HAD BEEN FIRED FROM UNDERWATER AND ONE INCLUDED A POLARIS SUBMARINE FIRING.

"AT JOHNSTON ISLAND LAST SUNDAY'S MEGATON-SIZED THERMONUCLEAR EXPLOSION AT HEIGHTS ESTIMATED AT ANYWHERE FROM 200 TO 400 MILES HIGH LIGHTED HAWAIIAN SKIES LIKE DAYLIGHT FOR SEVERAL SECONDS. THEN THE DISPLAY SETTLED DOWN TO A SUNSET-LIKE SPECTACLE FOR SEVERAL MORE MINUTES. THAT ONE BENT THE EARTH'S MAGNETIC FIELD, THROWING THE COMPASS OFF BALANCE FOR ABOUT A HALF HOUR AS FAR AS 6,000 MILES AWAY. HOWEVER, IT CAUSED A COMMUNICATION BLACKOUT OF ONLY A FEW MINUTES, FAR LESS SEVERE THAN HAD BEEN ANTICIPATED.

"PREVIOUSLY, TWO OTHER HIGH ALTITUDE JOHNSTON ISLAND NUCLEAR DETONATION ATTEMPTS HAD BEEN ABORTED WHEN TECHNICAL FAULTS DEVELOPED AFTER THE THOR ROCKETS HAD BEEN LAUNCHED. IN EACH CASE THE ROCKET AND THE NUCLEAR WARHEAD WERE DESTROYED IN FLIGHT WITHOUT SERIOUS DAMAGE OR INJURY TO INSTALLATIONS OR PERSONNEL IN THE AREA.

HN 139-4

"TEST OFFICIALS ALSO PROMISED THAT NO NUCLEAR CONTAMINATION WOULD RESULT ANYWHERE FROM THE DESTROYED MISSILES."

Also enclosed by Captain NASH was a Photostat of an article from the "Honolulu Advertiser" daily newspaper, Section B, Page 1, Saturday, July 14, 1962. This article, which carried the headline "2d Sky Shot Is Expected Wednesday," read as follows:

"The U. S. is expected to announce plans tomorrow to detonate a second missile-born nuclear warhead high over Johnston Island Wednesday night.

"United Press International reported having monitored a Joint Task Force 8 broadcast from Johnston to that effect.

"JTF8 announces its Johnston tests four days in advance as notices to mariners and airmen."

Mr. PAUL FENNER by letter dated July 18, 1962, forwarded the above set forth information to the Honolulu Division for handling. Mr. FENNER offered any technical assistance as might be within the capabilities of his office.

The files of the Honolulu Division reflect no previous violations of this type by UPI.

F B I

342 280332

Date: 7/27/62

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via RADIOGRAM DEFERRED
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, HONOLULU (139-4)

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL. UNAUTHORIZED PUBLICATION OR USE OF
COMMUNICATIONS.

REREP SA RICHARD C. CRANE, JULY TWENTY FOUR LAST, HONOLULU.

CAPTAIN DAVID NASH, JTF EIGHT, THIS DATE, ADVISED SAC
J. GORDON SHANKLIN THAT HE HAD ORIGINALLY CONTACTED FCC,
HONOLULU, CONCERNING INSTANT MATTER WITH THE DESIRE THAT
THAT AGENCY WOULD IN TURN REQUEST UPI TO DISCONTINUE PRACTICE
OF MONITORING JTF EIGHT RADIO COMMUNICATIONS. NASH STATED
THESE COMMUNICATIONS DEFINITELY CONTAIN NO CLASSIFIED INFORMATION.
JTF EIGHT DID NOT INTEND OR REQUEST THAT ANY PROSECUTIVE
~~ACTION~~
~~ACTIVE~~ BE TAKEN.

ABOVE FOR INFORMATION BUREAU.

RCC:jem
(1)Searched.....
Serialized *JS*.....
Indexed.....
Filed *JS*.....Approved: *[Signature]*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent *2 10 P* MPer *[Signature]*

139-4-7

JULY 31 1962

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

HJM:JWB:cf

Herbert J. Miller, Jr., Assistant Attorney General
Criminal Division

82-21-NEW

United Press International
Unauthorized Publication or Use of Communications

Reference is made to your memorandum to us dated July 24, 1962, and the attachment thereto concerning the captioned matter.

Captain David Nash may be informed that we are of the opinion that the facts furnished by him indicate possible violation of the provisions of Section 605 of the Communications Act (47 U.S.C. 605), but that the Department does not contemplate taking any further action looking toward criminal prosecution in the absence of an official complaint from the Navy Department.

139-4-8

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
AUG 6 1962	
FBI - HONOLULU	

Crane/acc

F B I

Date: August 2, 1962

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via Airtel _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

To: SAC, Honolulu

✓ From: Director, FBI

✓ UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL
UNAUTHORIZED PUBLICATION
OR USE OF COMMUNICATIONSRerep of SA Richard C. Crane dated 7-24-62, at
Honolulu.Enclosed herewith are two copies of a self-
explanatory memorandum from the Department dated 7-31-62.Handle Department's request. Make certain that
Captain Nash clearly understands that no further action will
be taken in this matter by the Bureau or the Department of
Justice in the absence of an official complaint from the
Navy Department.Advise within three days of receipt of this
airtel that Captain Nash has been informed in accordance
with Department's request.

Enclosures (2)

*8/6/62
captain Nash advised
will make report
for a memo*

137-4-9

SEARCHED <i>2</i>	INDEXED <i>2</i>
SERIALIZED <i>2</i>	FILED <i>2</i>
AUG 6 1962	
FBI - HONOLULU	

Crane Rec

Sent Via _____ M Per _____

206 Dillingham Building
Honolulu, Hawaii

August 6, 1962

David Nash, Captain
United States Navy
Joint Task Force Eight Representative
Navy No. 128, Fleet Post Office
San Francisco, California

Re: United Press International
Unauthorized Publication
or Use of Communications

Dear Captain Nash:

This will confirm my conversation with you today that the Department has reviewed the information furnished by you concerning a possible violation, and they have advised that the facts indicate a possible violation of the provisions of Section 605 of the Communications Act (47 United States Code 605) but that they do not contemplate taking any further action looking toward criminal prosecution in the absence of an official complaint from the Navy Department.

As I advised you, no further action is being taken at this time.

Very truly yours,

J.
J. GORDON SHANKLIN
Special Agent in Charge

1-Addressee
1-HN 139-4

JGS:mbd
(2)

Crane *PCC*
Searched.....
Serialized.....
Indexed.....
Filed.....

139-4-10

DIRECTOR, FBI (139-1565)

8/6/62

SAC, HONOLULU (139-4)

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL
UNAUTHORIZED PUBLICATION
OR USE OF COMMUNICATIONS

Re Bureau airtel dated 8/2/62 with enclosures.

On 8/6/62 I personally contacted Captain DAVID NASH, United States Navy, representative of Joint Task Force 8 (JTF 8), and he clearly understands that no further action will be taken in this matter by the Bureau or the Department of Justice in the absence of an official complaint from the Navy Department. He has advised me that he personally prefers that no further action be taken at this time.

2 - Bureau
1 - Honolulu

JGS:mbd
(3)

Searched.....
Serialized.....
Indexed.....
Filed.....

139-4-11

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET
FOI/PA# 1416857-000

Total Deleted Page(s) = 4

Page 7 ~ Duplicate;

Page 8 ~ Duplicate;

Page 9 ~ Duplicate;

Page 10 ~ Duplicate;

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

X Deleted Page(s) X

X No Duplication Fee X

X For this Page X

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

DECODED COPY

Tolson _____
 Belmont _____
 Mohr _____
 Callahan _____
 Conrad _____
 DeLoach _____
 Evans _____
 Malone _____
 Rosen _____
 Sullivan _____
 Tavel _____
 Trotter _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holmes _____
 Gandy _____

☒ **Radio**
☐ **Teletype**

DEFERRED

7-24-62

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC, HONOLULU

240340

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL, UNAUTHORIZED PUBLICATION OR USE OF COMMUNICATIONS.

BY LETTER DATED JULY 18 LAST PAUL R. FENNER, ENGINEER IN CHARGE, FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION, HONOLULU, HAWAII, ADVISED THAT HE HAD RECEIVED AN INQUIRY FROM CAPTAIN DAVID NASH, US NAVY, INQUIRING AS TO WHETHER MONITORING OF COMMUNICATIONS BETWEEN JOINT TASK FORCE 8, ^(JTF8) JOHNSTON ISLAND, AND ITS HEADQUARTERS ON OAHU, HAWAII, AND SUBSEQUENT PUBLICATION OF INFORMATION OBTAINED THEREIN WAS NOT A VIOLATION OF SECTION 605 OF THE COMMUNICATIONS ACT OF 1934 AS AMENDED. BASED UPON HIS INSTRUCTIONS IN MATTERS OF THIS TYPE, MR. FENNER WAS REFERRING THE FACTS IN THIS INSTANCE TO THIS OFFICE.

REC-59 MCT-18

CAPTAIN NASH HAD FORWARDED A UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL WIRE SERVICE RELEASE DATED JULY 13 LAST STATING IN PART, "MONITORED SHORT WAVE VOICE BROADCASTS BETWEEN JOHNSTON ISLAND AND HONOLULU HEADQUARTERS OF JTF8 SPOKE TODAY OF PREPARATIONS TO CONDUCT PRELIMINARY TESTING AT THE TEST SITE, 800 MILES SOUTHWEST OF HONOLULU, BETWEEN SUNDAY AND TUESDAY."

ALSO FORWARDED BY CAPTAIN NASH WAS A PHOTOSTAT OF AN ARTICLE APPEARING IN THE "HONOLULU ADVERTISER" DAILY NEWSPAPER

13 JUL 1962

67 JUL 30 1962

Tolson _____
 Belmont _____
 Mohr _____
 Callahan _____
 Conrad _____
 DeLoach _____
 Evans _____
 Malone _____
 Rosen _____
 Sullivan _____
 Tavel _____
 Trotter _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holmes _____
 Gandy _____

DECODED COPY

☒ **Radio**

☐ **Teletype**

PAGE 2 FROM HONOLULU

240340

JULY 14 LAST STATING THAT THE UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL HAD REPORTED MONITORING A JOINT TASK FORCE 8 BROADCAST FROM JOHNSTON ISLAND TO THE EFFECT THAT THE UNITED STATES WAS TO ANNOUNCE FUTURE PLANS FOR DETONATION OF A SECOND MISSILE-BORNE NUCLEAR WARHEAD.

REPORT BEING PREPARED AND WILL BE IMMEDIATELY FORWARDED TO THE BUREAU. IN ACCORDANCE WITH INSTRUCTIONS, NO INVESTIGATION BEING CONDUCTED.

RECEIVED:

2:15 AM

RN

*Right unless specifically
directed by Dept.*

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

Date 7-24-62

Department is being advised.

abs

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE HONOLULU	OFFICE OF ORIGIN HONOLULU	DATE 7/24/62	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 7/23/62
TITLE OF CASE UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL		REPORT MADE BY SA RICHARD C. CRANE	TYPED BY vap
		CHARACTER OF CASE UNAUTHORIZED PUBLICATION OR USE OF COMMUNICATIONS	

REFERENCE

Honolulu radiogram to the Bureau 7/23/62.

- P -

ADMINISTRATIVE

Two extra copies of instant report have been designated for Honolulu in the event the Bureau directs that this matter be referred to the U. S. Attorney.

In accordance with Bureau instructions in the handling of this type of complaint, no investigation is being conducted by the Honolulu Division and this office is awaiting instructions of the Bureau as to any further investigation.

APPROVED <i>[Signature]</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE: 2 - Bureau 4 - Honolulu (139-4)	139-1-2	REC-22
	JUL 26 1962	
	EX 100	
DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT		
AGENCY	REQUEST RECD.	NOTATIONS
DATE FWD.	HOW FWD.	STATE SECT.
BY		

53 AUG 6 1962

The Attorney General

July 25, 1962

Director, FBI

1 - Mr. Tolson
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines

0
UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL;
UNAUTHORIZED PUBLICATION
OR USE OF COMMUNICATIONS

Mr. Paul R. Fenner, engineer in charge, Federal Communications Commission, Honolulu, Hawaii, advised the Bureau by letter of July 13, 1962, that he had received an inquiry from Captain David Nash, United States Navy, concerning whether or not monitoring of communications between Joint Task Force Eight, Johnston Island, and its headquarters, Oahu, Hawaii, and subsequent publication of the information was in violation of the Unauthorized Publication or Use of Communications Statute.

Captain Nash furnished a United Press International wire service release and an article from the "Honolulu Advertiser" daily newspaper stating that monitored short wave voice broadcasts were the source of the information in their release, which concerned missile testing.

The above information was brought to the attention of Mr. Jackson Bowles of the Criminal Division upon receipt on July 24, 1962, and he requested that investigation be withheld pending review of the complaint by the Department. No investigation will be conducted unless specifically requested by the Department.

1 - Mr. Deputy Attorney General

1 - Mr. Burke Marshall
Assistant Attorney General

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Mohr

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Malone _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

67 JUL 30 1962

REC-8

E B I

RECEIVED JUL 26 1962

75 52 1 04 PM '62

139-1565-3

DECODED COPY

Tolson _____
 Belmont _____
 Mohr _____
 Callahan _____
 Conrad _____
 DeLoach _____
 Evans _____
 Malone _____
 Rosen _____
 Sullivan _____
 Tavel _____
 Trotter _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holmes _____
 Gandy _____

☒ **Radio**

☐ **Teletype**

DEFERRED

7-28-62

TO DIRECTOR

FROM SAC, HONOLULU

280332

① UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL. UNAUTHORIZED PUBLICATION OR USE OF COMMUNICATIONS.

REREP SA RICHARD C. CRANE, JULY 24 LAST, HONOLULU.

CAPTAIN DAVID NASH, JTF8, THIS DATE, ADVISED SAC J. GORDON SHANKLIN THAT HE HAD ORIGINALLY CONTACTED FCC, HONOLULU, CONCERNING INSTANT MATTER WITH THE DESIRE THAT THAT AGENCY WOULD IN TURN REQUEST UPI TO DISCONTINUE PRACTICE OF MONITORING JTF8 RADIO COMMUNICATIONS. NASH STATED THESE COMMUNICATIONS DEFINITELY CONTAIN NO CLASSIFIED INFORMATION. JTF8 DID NOT INTEND OR REQUEST THAT ANY PROSECUTIVE ACTION BE TAKEN.

ABOVE FOR INFORMATION BUREAU.

RECEIVED:

3:13 AM

RN

REC-39

10 JUL 31 1962

August 2, 1962

Airtel

ST-115

To: SAC, Honolulu

From: Director, FBI

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL
UNAUTHORIZED PUBLICATION
OR USE OF COMMUNICATIONS

Rerep of SA Richard C. Crane dated 7-24-62, at Honolulu.

Enclosed herewith are two copies of a self-explanatory memorandum from the Department dated 7-31-62.

Handle Department's request. Make certain that Captain Nash clearly understands that no further action will be taken in this matter by the Bureau or the Department of Justice in the absence of an official complaint from the Navy Department.

Advise within three days of receipt of this airtel that Captain Nash has been informed in accordance with Department's request.

Enclosures (2)

JWH:mrp
(4)

(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Malone _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

NOTE:

FCC, Honolulu, advised by letter 7-18-62, that an inquiry had been received from Captain David Nash, USN, concerning whether or not monitoring of communications between Joint Task Force Eight and its headquarters, Oahu, Hawaii, and subsequent publication of the information was a UPUC violation. This information furnished to Department 7-24-62. Captain Nash, on 7-28-62, advised the SAC, Honolulu, that he had advised FCC of information with the desire that they ask UPI to discontinue practice. States he did not intend that prosecutive action be taken. Department now requests that we inform Nash that facts constitute possible violation but no action will be taken without official complaint from Navy Department.

SEP 3 8 25 AM '65

EDI
REC'D - CIVIL RIGHTS

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation DATE: **JULY 31 1962**
HJM:JWB:cf

FROM : *HJM* Herbert J. Miller, Jr., Assistant Attorney General
Criminal Division 82-21-NEW

SUBJECT: United Press International
Unauthorized Publication or Use of Communications

10 -
711C
(8)

epg

Reference is made to your memorandum to us dated July 24, 1962, and the attachment thereto concerning the captioned matter.

Captain David Nash may be informed that we are of the opinion that the facts furnished by him indicate possible violation of the provisions of Section 605 of the Communications Act (47 U.S.C. 605), but that the Department does not contemplate taking any further action looking toward criminal prosecution in the absence of an official complaint from the Navy Department.

EXP. PROC.
31 AUG 1 1962

36

REC-1

139-1565-5

NOV 1 1 11 11 PM '62

EX-108

15 AUG 1 1962

Rose R
SEP
47

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont *albo*

DATE: August 2, 1962

FROM : A. Rosen *Rosen*SUBJECT: UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL;
UNAUTHORIZED PUBLICATION
OR USE OF COMMUNICATIONS

Tolson	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Callahan	_____
Conrad	_____
DeLoach	_____
Evans	_____
Malone	_____
Rosen	_____
Sullivan	_____
Tavel	_____
Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holmes	_____
Gandy	_____

Mr. Paul R. Fenner, engineer in charge, Federal Communications Commission, Honolulu, Hawaii, by letter of July 18, 1962, advised our Honolulu Office that he had received an inquiry from Captain David Nash, United States Navy, concerning whether or not monitoring of communications between Joint Task Force Eight, Johnston Island, and its headquarters, Oahu, Hawaii, and subsequent publication of the information was in violation of the Unauthorized Publication or Use of Communications Statute.

Captain Nash furnished a United Press International wire release and an article from a Honolulu daily newspaper stating that monitored short wave voice broadcasts were the source of the information in their release which pertained to missile testing.

The above information was brought to the attention of the Department upon receipt on 7-24-62, and the Department requested that no investigation be conducted pending a review of the complaint.

On 7-28-62, Captain David Nash contacted the Honolulu Office and advised that he had furnished this information to the Federal Communications Commission with the desire that a request be made of United Press International to discontinue monitoring the broadcasts. Captain Nash declared that such broadcasts definitely contained no classified information and he did not intend or request that any prosecutive action be taken. 7

The Department was advised of Captain David Nash's desires in this matter on 7-30-62.

- 1 - Mr. Mohr
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach

WAS:mrp

(8)

56 AUG 10 1962

REC-8 *WBS*

139-1565-6

AUG 3 1962

EX 113

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont

By memorandum dated 7-31-62, the Department requested that Captain David Nash be informed that the facts furnished by him indicate a possible violation of this statute but that the Department did not contemplate taking any further action toward criminal prosecution in the absence of an official complaint from the Department of the Navy.

ACTION:

SAC, Honolulu, has been instructed to inform Captain Nash of the Department's opinion and that no further action is contemplated by the Department in the absence of an official complaint from the Department of the Navy.

al
Obs
BAM
WAS

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (139-1565)

DATE: 8/6/62

FROM : SAC, HONOLULU (139-4)

SUBJECT: UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL
UNAUTHORIZED PUBLICATION
OR USE OF COMMUNICATIONS

Re Bureau airtel dated 8/2/62 with enclosures.

On 8/6/62 I personally contacted Captain DAVID NASH, United States Navy, representative of Joint Task Force 8 (JTF 8), and he clearly understands that no further action will be taken in this matter by the Bureau or the Department of Justice in the absence of an official complaint from the Navy Department. He has advised me that he personally prefers that no further action be taken at this time.

2 - Bureau
1 - Honolulu

JGS:mbd
(3)

REC-49

7